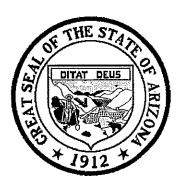
House Ad Hoc on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults



Final Report December 2019

Committee Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice-Chair Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Dr. Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico Jami Snyder Molly McCarthy

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 - d. October 15, 2019: minutes and reference materials
 - e. November 12, 2019: minutes and reference materials
 - f. December 17, 2019: minutes and reference materials

REPORT 2019

Background

The House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (Committee) was established by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The purpose of the 13-member Committee is to review and identify best practices for the reporting and investigative processes to ensure the safety of vulnerable adults.

Summary of Committee Activity

The Committee met on the following dates: August 20, 2019, September 17, 2019, October 1, 2019, October 15, 2019, November 12, 2019 and December 17, 2019.

Committee Hearing August 20

Chairwoman Longdon introduced the Committee and staff. The Chairwoman reviewed the purpose of the Committee and announced meeting dates.

The Committee heard the following presentations:

- Arizona Department of Economic Security (DES)
 - o Michael Trailor, Executive Director, DES
- DES Adult Protective Services
 - o Molly McCarthy, Assistant Director, DES Aging and Adult Services
- Arizona Department of Health Services (DHS)
 - o Colby Bower, Assistant Director, DHS
- Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)
 - o Jakenna Lebsock, Clinical Administrator, AHCCCS

The Committee received public testimony.

A video recording of the Committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip_id=23266&autostart=0#

Committee Hearing September 17

The Committee heard the following presentations:

- Abuse and Neglect Prevention Task Force
 - o Kathy Ber, Legislative Director, DES
- Arizona Developmental Disability Planning Council (ADDPC)
 - o Dr. Erica McFadden, Executive Director, ADDPC
- Arizona Prosecuting Attorney's Advisory Council (APAAC)
 - o Elizabeth Ortiz, Executive Director, APAAC

- Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program (LTCO)
 - o Mary Lynn Kasunic, President and CEO, LTCO
 - o Regan Smith, Director, LTCO
- Arizona Statewide Independent Living Council (AZSILC)
 - o Sarah Kader, Direct of Operations, AZSILC

The Committee received public testimony.

A video recording of the Committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip id=23274&autostart=0

Committee Hearing October 1

The Committee heard the following presentations:

- Arizona Center for Disability Law (ACDL)
 - o Jose de Jesus V Rico, Chief Executive Officer, ACDL
- AARP
 - o Dana Kennedy, MSW State Director, AARP Arizona
- Ability360
 - o Phil Pangrazio, President and CEO, Ability360
 - o April Reed, Vice President of Advocacy, Ability360

The Committee received testimony from the following stakeholders:

- Holly Reycraft
- Faith McCloone, Arizona Attorney General's, Task Force Against Senior Abuse

The Committee received public testimony.

A video recording of the Committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip id=23300&autostart=0

Committee Hearing October 15

The Committee heard the following presentations:

- Beatitudes Campus
 - o Cheryl Knupp, Sr. Vice President of Health Services and Human Resources, Beatitudes Campus
- Arizona Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ACDHH)
 - o Sherri Collins, Executive Director, ACDHH

The Committee heard from the following stakeholders:

- Dr. Tasha Menaker, Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence
- Carol Brown

Chairwoman Longdon asked Committee members to submit their top three recommendations for discussion at the November 12 meeting.

The Committee received public testimony.

A video recording of the Committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip_id=23313&autostart=0

Committee Hearing November 12

The Chairwoman asked Committee members at the October 15 meeting to submit their top three Committee recommendations for discussion. The following list is a compilation of those recommendations:

- Abuse and Neglect Training
- Training on Trauma Informed Investigation and Care
- Watchdog
- APS Accommodations for People with Disabilities
- Caregiver Shortage/Pay/Fair Market
- Strengthen Mandatory Reporting Statutes
- Caregiver Board/Certification
- Searchable Records
- Hotline/APS Expansion
- Community Advisory Committee
- APS Collection & Annual Data Reporting/Interagency Cooperation
- Whistleblower Statute

The Committee discussed the recommendations. Chairwoman Longdon indicated that she would forward to the Committee final recommendations for consideration at the December 17 meeting.

The Committee received public testimony.

A video recording of the Committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip_id=23344&autostart=0

Committee Hearing December 17

The Committee adopted the following recommendations:

Committee Recommendations

Recommendation #1: That legislation be drafted to create or identify and fund an agency to oversee vulnerable adults in Arizona, including related agencies, boards and commissions.

Recommendation #2: The Legislature appropriate sufficient funds to the Arizona Department of Health Services and Adult Protective Services to timely investigate complaints in order to eliminate the back logs and create a metric for the tracking of complaints to ensure timely resolution.

Recommendation #3: Support the recommendations outlined in the Arizona Auditor General's Report 19-112 contained on pages 14-15 and encourage implementation of said recommendations.

Recommendation #4: The Legislature fund an independent audit of APS.

Recommendation #5: The Speaker continue the House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults upon completion of the independent audit to review the findings and make recommendations.

Recommendation #6: Support the recommendations of the Governor's Abuse and Neglect Prevention Task Force related to Disclosure and Investigation Training, Signage and Trauma-Informed Approach.

Recommendation #7: Support and funding of training and education for facilities, caregivers, residents and family members on the signs of, and how to report abuse and neglect, who to report to, and develop posting requirements to be reviewed annually by the above-mentioned entities/individuals.

Recommendation #8: APS identify and make appropriate accommodations at intake, and throughout the investigation process, for vulnerable adults that may impact their ability to communicate and cooperate with the investigation.

Recommendation #9: Acknowledge that caregivers are vital skilled professionals and that stability and consistency are essential for the wellbeing of our most vulnerable populations and that appropriate compensation, training and support must be addressed.

Recommendation #10: Create a statutory definition for *emotional abuse* in Title 46.

Recommendation #11: Support the Arizona Department of Health Services and Department of Economic Security in the development and implementation of a stakeholder-driven action plan to protect Arizona's vulnerable adults.

The Committee adopted the recommendations @ 2:14 p.m.

A video recording of the committee can be found at: http://azleg.granicus.com/MediaPlayer.php?clip_id=23386&autostart=0

Appendix A:

August 20, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

Tuesday, August 20, 2019

Time:

1:30 P.M.

Place:

HHR₁

AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Welcome & Introduction
- 3. Charge of the Committee
- 4. Chair's Opening Comments
- 5. Agency Overview Presentations:
 - Christina Corieri, Senior Policy Advisor, Governor Doug Ducey
 - Jennifer Kirchen or designee, Deputy Assistant Director, DES Adult Protective Services
 - Michael Trailor or designee, Director, Arizona Department of Economic Security
 - Dr. Cara Christ or designee, Director, Arizona Department of Health Services
 - Jami Snyder or designee, Director, Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System
- 6. Committee Discussion
- 7. Public Testimony
- 8. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair

Dr. Cara Christ

Sherri Collins

Sarah Kader

Dana Kennedy

Dana Romioa,

Cheryl Knupp

Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder Michael Trailor

*The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents pursuant to House Rules.

8/14/19

People with disabilities may request reasonable accommodations such as interpreters, alternative formats, or assistance with physical accessibility. If you require accommodations, please contact the Chief Clerk's Office at (602) 926-3032 or through Arizona Relay Service 7-1-1.

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, August 20, 2019 House Hearing Room 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

Members Absent

Convened 1:30 P.M.

Recessed

Reconvened

Adjourned 3:41 P.M.

MINUTES RECEIVED CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE

8-20-19

Members Present

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair

Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair

Colby Bowers

Sherri Collins

Janneta Lebstock

Sarah Kader

Dana Kennedy

Cheryl Knupp

Erica McFadden

Elizabeth Ortiz

April Reed

Jose de Jesus V Rico

Michael Trailor

Agenda

Original Agenda – Attachment 1

Request to Speak

Report – Attachment 2

Committee Attendance

Report – Attachment 3

Presentations

Name	Organization	Attachments
Janetta Lebstock	AHCCSS	4
Michael Trailor	DES	5,6
Molly McCarthy	APS	7
Colby Bowers	ADHS	8

Committee Action

Bill Action Vote Attachments

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

August 20, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

Od')ourned : 3:41 Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

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Information Registered on the Request to Speak System

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (8/20/2019)

7, Public Testimony

Support: Cynthia Elliott, representing self

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN:	Jennifer Longdon	VICE-CHAIRMAN: Timothy M. Dunn				
	DATE		/19	/19	/19	/19
	CONVENED	1:30 pm	m	m	m	m
	RECESSED					
	RECONVENED					
	ADJOURNED	3:91pm				
MEMBERS	3			-		4,41.4
Dr. Gara Christ (Colby Bowers)		/				
Sherri Collins						
Sarah Kader		V				
Dana Kennedy		V				
Cheryl Knupp		V				
Erica McFadden		V				
Elizabeth Ortiz						
April Reed						
Jose de Jesus V Rico		V				
Jami-Snyder (Janetha Lelostock)		/				:
Michael Trailor		V				
Dunn, Vice-Chairman		V				
Longdon, Chairman		V				
						

Absent

exc

Excused

Present

Attachment 4

Arizona Health Care Cosi Confainment System

- administer the Medicaid benefit for the vast majority of ALCCCS contracts with managed care organizations (MCOS; such as DES/DDD and United Healthcare) to
- AHCCCS monitors all MCO functions, including, but not imited to, quality of care investigations



ROLDO GOO LEO LO LINGO

- mach MCO has a Quaity Naragement unit that is responsible for incident investigations
- responsibility for the Quality Management function and NCO Chief Medical Officers maintain ultimate any related investigations
- All QOCs are confidential and cannot be disclosed outside of the Quality Management structure



- Assessment required within 24 hours (or less) for SIGNIFICATION OF COLUMNIC COLU
- Immediate onsite evaluation of member(s) if there is a Teath and safety concern
- allowed to complete investigation first in order to protect Investigative entities such as police, APS, and/or DCS members, witnesses, and/or evidence



- Nember-Centric and strength-based
- Member health and safety always first concern
- Thorough, fact-based processes
- Trained personnel that can assess all aspects of a case
- Timely referral to appropriate entities such as ADAS Licensure, DCs, and Aps



SCOLEDIAS DE COC

- Consider member, family, and provider perspectives
- Use of standardized templates supports consistency in Case review
- Able to address quality concerns beyond the primary issue



SCOLUTE SCOLUTE

- Onsite support and/or lead investigative entity as
- Teath and Safety Committee
- Regulatory action such as provider suspension, admissions noids, and termination
- Peer Review
- o Detailed review of QOCs
- o Determines referrals to Medical or other regulatory Modifds To



- Task Force formed in March 2019
- Five work groups charged with development of recommendations in areas of Stabilization and Recovery, Agency Alignment, and Family and Vulnerable Prevention and Safety, Incident Reporting and Investigation, Incident Individual Education
- Report to be provided to the Governor's Office by 11/01/19
- Draft recommendations include:
- and exploitation prevention and initiate a corresponding public awareness o Arizona should commit to creating a statewide culture of abuse, neglect, campaign.
- Arizona should implement a system-wide trauma-informed approach, with attention to the special needs of vulnerable individuals and their families O



CONTROL S LOUGH SAN TOLONG TOL

- Draft recommendations include (cont.):
- Signage on how to report abuse, neglect, and exploitation should be prominently posted in all settings.
- MCOs, providers, and community organizations should partner to ensure that direct-service staff, including family caregivers, have access to supportive resources to help manage stress and burnout. 0
- charts of reporting and investigation processes for all types of abuse, and State agencies should develop and disseminate comprehensive flow neglect incidents and allegations. O
- agency policies on privacy and confidentiality, with the goal of identifying same time allow confidential information-sharing to minimize the number State agencies should review of existing statutes, regulations, rules, and any changes that could maintain needed privacy protections and at the of investigative interviews. O



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Reaching across Arizona to provide comprehensive quality health care for those in need

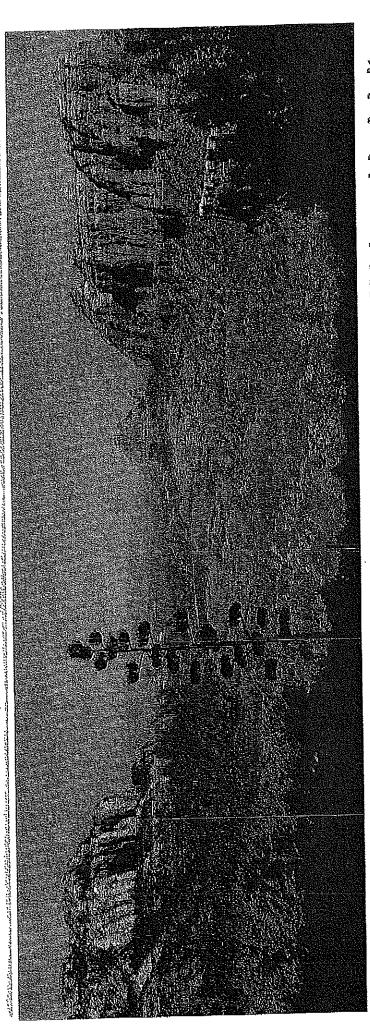
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House da Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults

August 20, 2019

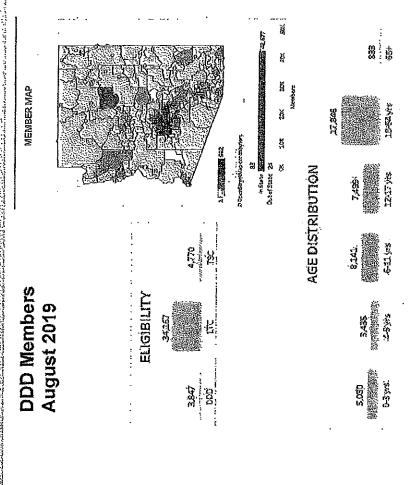
Artzona Demographies

Approximately 7.2 million people live in Arizona

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- 18% of the population is over the age of 65 42,861 individuals are served by the Department of Economic Security Division of Developmental Disabilities (DES/DDD)
 - 34,201 individuals are Arizona Long-Term Care System (ALTCS) eligible
- 99% live in home and community-based settings
 - 86.4% live in their own home or with a parent
- 12.6% live in group home or adult developmental homes
 - Less than 1% live in intermediate care facilities (ICFs) or skilled nursing facilities

Sources: Census Bureau as of 7/1/2018 https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/AZ Arizona Department of Economic Security data as of August 1, 2019



Transformation at DES has occurred over the last two years and will continue as part of the culture of continuous improvement

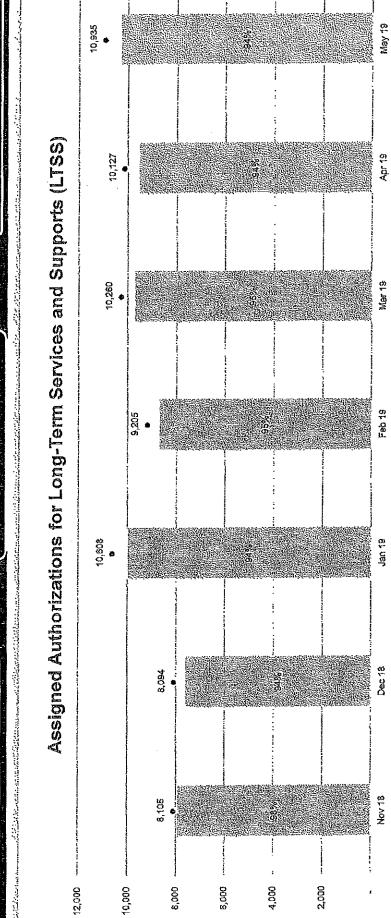
Division of Aging & Adult Services 0

- Reduced Adult Protective Services (APS) investigations open more than 90 days from 257 to 25 in SFY 2019
 - Due to the additional funding received, the Area Agencies on Aging services waiting list was reduced from 2,700 requests for services to 2,200 requests for services in July 2019. We anticipate reducing the services wait list by an additional 1,000 services by the end of the calendar year
 - Reduced average APS caseload ratios from 60-70 cases/investigator in SFY2018 to 26 cases/investigator in SFY2020

DDD Quality improvements

• DDD receives an average of 10,000 requests for service authorizations per month, and 94% are delivered on time





Data Source: https://fableauprod.azdes.gov/#/site/DD/views/OllentServiceAuthorizations-TrendData/UnassignedServicesbyDistrict?iid=1

Overview of Opportunities & Changes

- Department of Health Services (DHS) and the Arizona Health Care Cost Heightened awareness of the need for multiple agencies (DES, the Containment System (AHCCCS)) and law enforcement to work collaboratively
- Family and provider listening sessions were held throughout the state to learn how to better serve individuals through DDD
- o Between May and June 2019, there were a total of 10 provider forums and a total of 252 attendees
- Between March and June 2019, a total of 51 family forums were held with 526 statewide participants
- In July 2019, a total of 7 provider rate increase forums were held with providers and families

Overview of Opportunities & Changes

- annual recertification in Recognizing and Reporting Maltreatment In addition to the initial training requirement, DES/DDD added an training by all DDD staff effective Spring 2019
- As a result of stakeholder requests, APS now reports quarterly data on investigations with two calendar quarters now available, in addition to annual reporting
- Preparing for licensure of all State Operated Intermediate Care Facilities by January 1, 2020

Next Steps: Governor's Executive Order

- The Task Force is continuing to meet and finalize recommendations
- Recommendations are due November 1, 2019
- Some of the recommendations may require legislation
- Joint training on preventing abuse, neglect and exploitation
 - o Differentiated training approach (based on role in the systems) with specific core competencies
- amendments to implement the training requirement for individuals Over 6,000 DES contracts are being reviewed to identify needed working directly with children and vulnerable adults

Next Steps: Governor's Executive Order

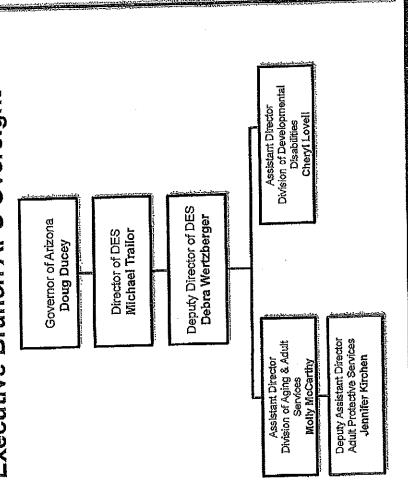
Abuse and Neglect Signage Requirements

- Reviewing over 500 qualified vendor contracts to require posting of signage
- Signs will be displayed in institutional settings as well as community-based settings
- The Task Force is developing requirements for the signage including language and aesthetics

Incident Process Flow

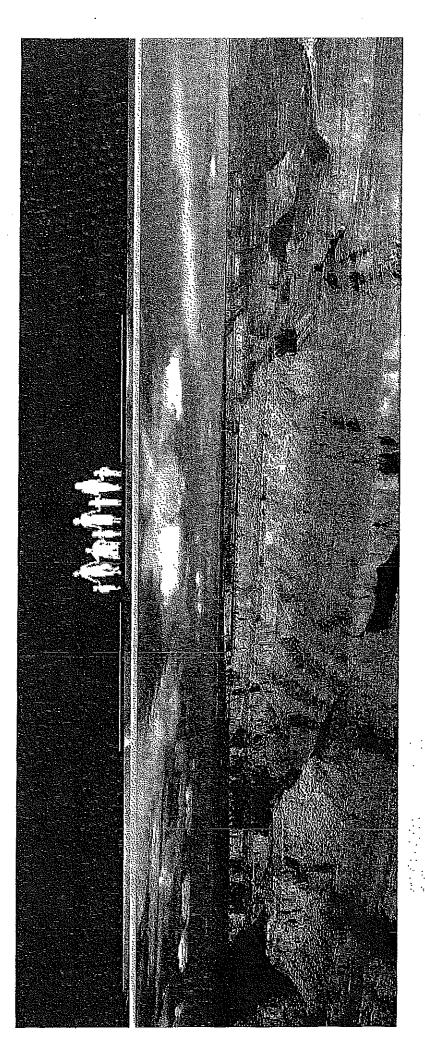
Oversight of APS & System Pariners

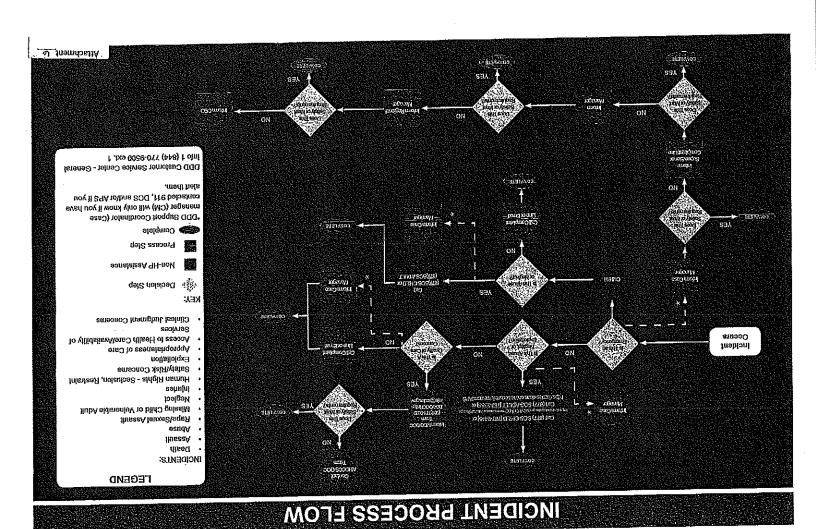
Executive Branch APS Oversight



System Partners in Keeping Vulnerable Adults Safe

- Area Agencies on Aging
- Arizona Department of Health Services
 - Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System
- Corporation Commission
- Courts
- Office of the Attorney General
- Independent Oversight Committees
- Law Enforcement
- Mandatory Reporters (A.R.S. § 46-454)
 - Public Fiduciaries





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- Your Partner for A Stranger Arizone

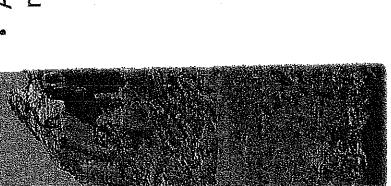


August 20, 2019

Adult Protective Services Report Criteria



- Victim
- currently 18 years or older;
- incapacitated or vulnerable;
- exploited (financially, etc.) and may be in need of protective has been abused, neglected (including self-neglect), or services; and
- Alleged incident occurred in Arizona.
- Note: If the incident occurred on tribal land, APS will investigate the report upon written invitation by the tribal council. Absent this invitation, the tribes will conduct their own investigation.



APS Definitions

Vulnerable Adult – A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(9)

themselves from abuse, neglect or exploitation by others because of a An individual who is 18 years of age or older who is unable to protect physical or mental impairment. It includes an incapacitated person.

Incapacity - A.R.S. § 14-5101

intoxication or other cause to the extent that the person lacks sufficient disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of drugs, chronic Impairment by reason of mental illness, mental deficiency, mental understanding or capacity to make or communicate responsible decisions concerning his or her person.

Abuse - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(1)

Intentional infliction of physical harm; injury caused by negligent acts or omissions; unreasonable confinement; sexual abuse or sexual assault.

APS Definitions

Neglect - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(6)

supervision, cooling, heating or other services necessary to maintain minimum The deprivation of food, water, medication, medical services, shelter, physical or mental health.

Effective August 27, 2019, Laws 2019, Chapter 321 removes the requirement for a "pattern of behavior" to determine neglect and adds supervision as a factor.

Self-Neglect – Not defined in state law

Elder Justice Act (Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act - Public Law 111–148) essential food, clothing, shelter, and medical care; (B) obtaining goods and services necessary to maintain physical health, mental health, or general > "An adult's inability, due to physical or mental impairment or diminished capacity, to perform essential self-care tasks including— (A) obtaining safety; or (C) managing one's own financial affairs."

Exploitation – A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(4)

➤ The illegal or improper use of a vulnerable adult or their resources for another's profit or advantage.

AIPS Process Overview

Information received; determine whether meets criteria for investigation

• Criteria met: assign priority level and route to field for investigation

• Criteria not met: save as Information & Referral (I&R)

Priority 1 (respond within 1 business day)

Priority 2 (respond within 2 business days) Priority 3 (respond within 3 business days)

APS Appeals Specialist reviews investigation and evidence then sends to Attorney
 Attorney General evaluates case for appropriateness of finding

Alleged Perpetrator notified if proposing to substantiate the allegation and provided opportunity to request administrative hearing (if eligible)

Perpetrator placed on APS registry if:

No administrative hearing request
 Finding substantiated at administrative hearing and Director's review of decision is upheld
 Previous court or hearing process makes finding in review of similar allegations

A\PS DISTRICT Boundaries

District 1

Maricopa County, Pinal County, Graham portions of Gila County, and portions County, Greenlee County, of Yavapai County

District 2

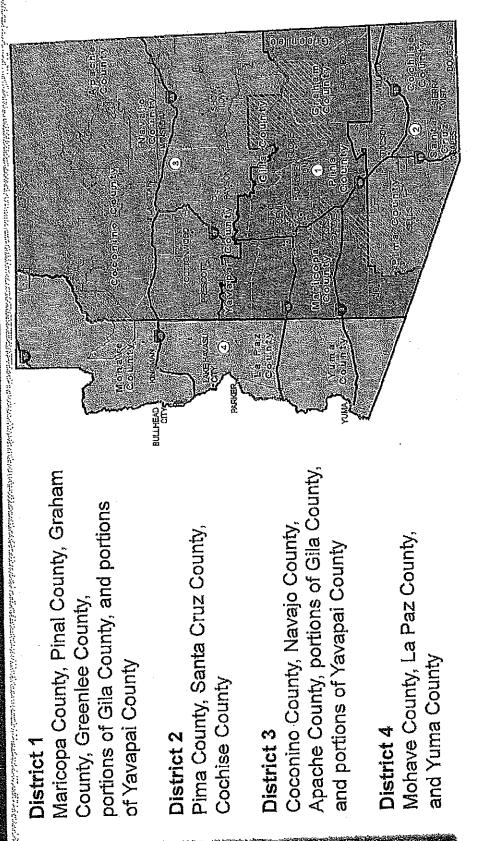
Pima County, Santa Cruz County, Cochise County

District 3

Apache County, portions of Gila County Coconino County, Navajo County, and portions of Yavapai County

District 4

Mohave County, La Paz County, and Yuma County



APS Positions

2049 Legislative Session – APS-related Changes

	÷
SB1211 - Establishes mandatory APS Registry background checks for DDD employees and contractors Registry - For all other DES employees and contractors that provide direct services to children and vulnerable adults, permits the Department to conduct an APS Registry background check.	
SB1483 Copies of records that are refevant to the suspected of attempted financial exploitation: Reporting is permissive, for financial advisors since they are not added to the mandatory reporter statute:	
HB2008 Cross reporting to DCS expanded to include any person who is employed as the supervisor to or administrator of a person who has a duty to report. If the supervisor or administrator Reporting reasonably believes that the report has been made by the person with a duty to report, the supervisor or administrator is not required to report.	
SB1538 - Codifies in statute the APS Central Intake unit APS Statute - Authorizes APS to establish multidisciplinary feams APS Statute - Expands individuals identified as mandatory reporters to include various health care and DES BIII - energency personnel and employees of DES - Expansion personnel and employees of DES	موقعه ورواوي المرازان
Allows APS employees to file with a request county officers and state agencies to prohibit access to that employees personal information Modifies the definition of neglect by removing pattern" from the definition and adding supervision as an element.	eerska kel maankanan

Recent Opportunities

Strength in Partnerships

- DES Divisions
- AHCCCS
 - DHS
- Attorney General's Office Corporation Commission Law Enforcement

- Independent Oversight
- Committee City & County Prosecutor's Office Area Agencies on Aging
 - Legislature
- Courts
- Governor's Executive Order 2019-03
- Continuous Improvement through utilization of the tools in the Arizona Management System

Recent Work

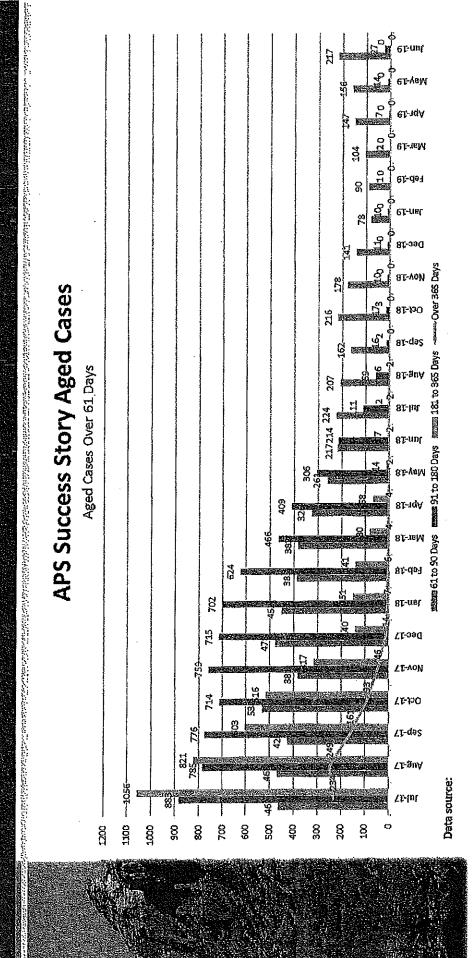


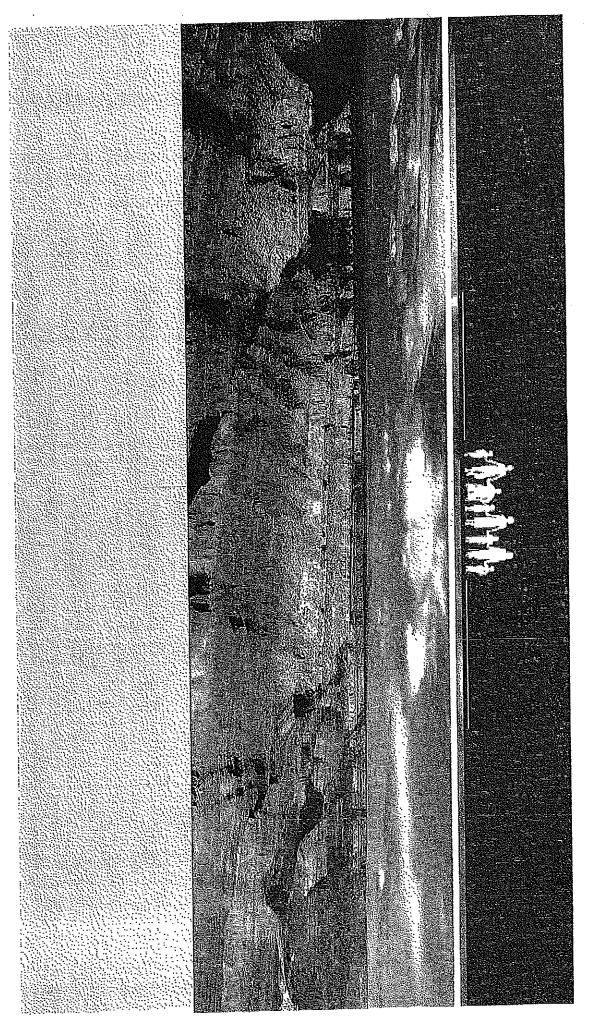
- In addition to the annual APS report, quarterly data on APS cases involving individuals served by the Division of Developmental Disabilities is posted online
 - APS registry searchable PDF (Ctrl F) and Excel version
 - APS registry is updated on a weekly basis

Future state

- Governor's Executive Order recommendations
- Continued workgroup conversations
- Implement specific program enhancements
- Legislative Implementation 8/27/19
 - Partnership/cooperation

APS Aged Cases





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Arizona Department of Health **Public Health Licensing**

August 2019

Colby Bower Assistant Director, Arizona Department of Health Services



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

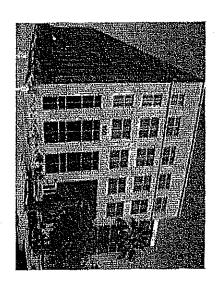
ADHS Overview

ADHS is a nationally accredited, award winning, nationally recognized public health agency.

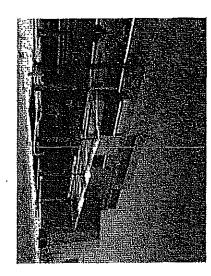


ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

ADES OVERVIEW







- 6 Divisions
- Approximately 1,800 Staff
- Over 300 Distinct Programs
- 4 Main Campuses
- Virtual and Traveling Employees

- Prevention
- Preparedness
- Licensing
 CLIA Certified / ISO Accredited Public Health Reference Lab
- Hospital Licensed and Accredited State



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Public Health Licensing at a Glance

4,452

Complaints Investigated: (FY18)

201,005

Certified Medical Marijuana Patients

78%

Time Reduction in Application Processing (FY18)

12,610

Surveys Conducted (FY18)

98%

High Priority Complaints Investigated Ontime (FY19)

35,000±

Active Licensees

80,450

Applications Processed (FY18)

\$10.8M

Appropriated Budget (FY18)

142,594

rths and Deaths Registered
(CY18)



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

What Does Licensing License?

2,850

Residential Facilities

3,693

Medical Facilities

71

Licensed Midwiyes

200,000±

159

Long Term Care Facilities

1,165

DD Group Homes

11,250

Medical Badiologic Technologists

128 MVI bispensaries

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2,496

Child Care Facilities

5,770

Speech and Hearing
Professionals

7,716

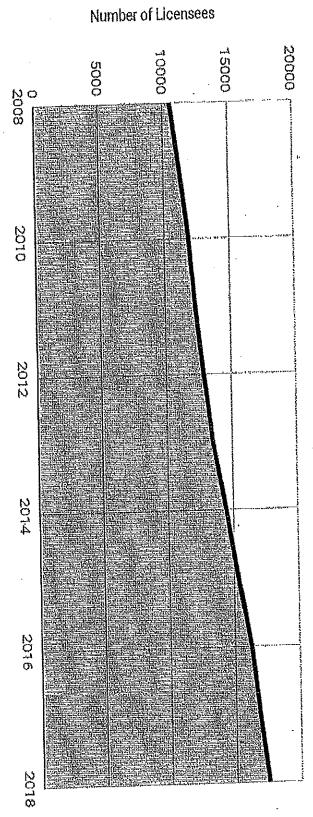
Non-Ionizing and X-Ray Facilities

Nuclear Bower Semeraturs
Station



ADHS Licensing Growth





Year



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Upcoming Licensure

≅ 2,000

Sober Living Homes
July 1, 2019

ICF/IID's Spring 2019

= 12

Tissue Procurement
Organizations 2020

÷500

Community Health Workers

= 500

Pain Management Clinics 2019

≅ **10** MMJ Labs 2020



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ICF/IID Licensure

April 24th, 2019 Governor Ducey Signs S1211

- Allows ADHS to license ICF/IID's in Arizona.
- Currently 11 ICF/IID's
- One private facility (Licensed as of 4/25/19)
- 10 state run facilities (multi-facility in Coolidge, AZ)



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

CF/IID Licensure

Rule Status

- ADHS promulgated exempt rules to license facilities
- O Comprehensive rules similar to other health care institutions
- Incorporated Executive Order 2019-03
- Preparing to open up the rules again for any necessary changes



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

DD Group Home Licensure

ADHS provides a small piece of the oversight of DD Group Homes in Arizona.

- Ensure the safety of the housing structure and environment;
- Reduce the potential for hazardous conditions to exist;
- ω Ensure adequate emergency and disaster preparedness of the home.



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

DD Group Home Comparison

ა	4	ယ	N		
Contracted Services	Quality Management	Emergency Preparedness	Hazardous Conditions	Structure Safety	
×	×		<	<	DD Group Homes
<		. (_ \	<	Other Licensees
How to handle contracted services	Implementation of quality management Governing body notification Corrective action and monitoring	Evacuation drills, plans, etc. First Aid, basic safety Coordination with local first responders	Vehibles in disrepair Trash general cleanliness	Compliance with local zoning Handrails, ramps, etc. Basic plumbing, electrical, heating, cooling Pool safety	Details



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES A STATE OF THE STA

DD Group Home Comparison Coni

- 51	4.	ω.	2		
Transport & Transfer	Discharge Planning	Admission Requirements	Licensed Professional Staff	Personnel Requirements	
X	×	X	X	×	DD Group Homes
<	\	<	<	<u> </u>	OtherLicenses
Documentation Plans:	 Ensure proper discharge Rights of the residents Safe transfer 	Process Authorization Documentation	Credentialing Requirements Scope and documentation The state of the	Fingerprinting Training Requirements Supervision	Details.



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

DD Group Home Comparison Cont

5 Administration	4 Programs	3 Service Plans	2 Dietary Services] Resident Rights	
×	×	X	×	×	DD Group Homes
\	<u> </u>	<	\	\	Other Licensees
Holds the responsible party accountable Various requirements Meet the needs of the patient/resident	Ensure that various programs are available Properly implemented:	 Plan to treat resident or patient Regular updates Evaluation of effectiveness 	Special diets; etc Requirement for food	Free from abuse, etc How to file complaints	Deiails



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES entre les este de la constitue de la constitue

Mouse, Neglect, Exploitetion

ADHS does NOT investigate cases of abuse, neglect or exploitation in the DD Group Home setting

- peace officer or DCS. A.R.S. 13-3620; Relates to reporting regarding children. Reports must go to a
- A.R.S. 46-454; Relates to reporting regarding vulnerable adults. Reports must go to a peace officer or APS



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Abuse, Neglect, Exploitation

- allowed the poor outcome to the patient/resident. ADHS investigates failures of the licensee (facility) that
- ADHS does not make conclusions about whether abuse or neglect occurred.



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

DD Group Home Inspection Process

Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Schedule Survey:	Enter the Home	Inspect the Premise	Inspect all vehicles	Exit Interview
ADHSwill call you'to			ADHS will inspect all vehicles used by the home to transport. All vehicles need to be inspected	ADHS will brief you on the findings, leave you with a receipt! and explain the next steps

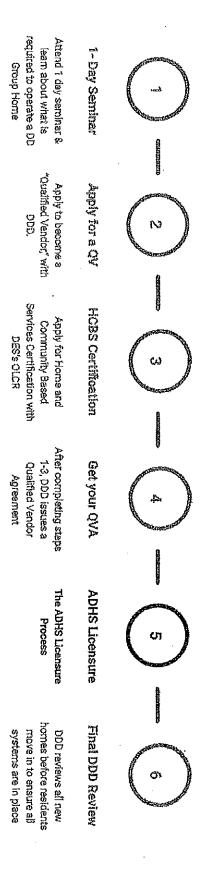


ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

DD Group Home Licensure Process

There are SIX steps for DD Group Home operation in Arizona.

FIVE of the SIX steps are housed within DES

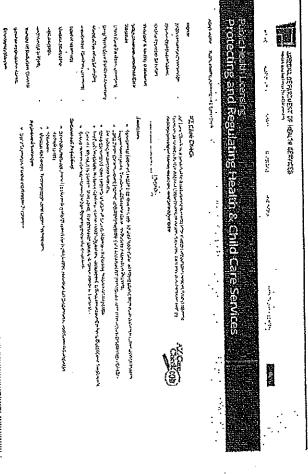




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AZCareCheck.com

ADHS provides a website where the public can search and see the results of surveys and investigations





ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES



Colby Bower

Assistant Director, Public Health Licensing | Policy & Intergovernmental Affairs

E-Mail: colby.bower@azdhs.gov



ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Appendix B:

September 17, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials

Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

Tuesday, September 17, 2019

Time:

1:30 P.M.

Place:

Senate Hearing Room 109

AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Presentations:

Abuse and Neglect Prevention Task Force

Arizona Developmental Disability Planning Council

AARP of Arizona

Arizona Prosecuting Attorneys' Advisory Council

Long Term Care Ombudsman

Statewide Independent Living Council

- 3. Committee Discussion
- 4. Public Testimony
- 5. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair

Dr. Cara Christ

Sherri Collins

Sarah Kader

Dana Kennedy

Cheryl Knupp

Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz

April Reed

Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder Michael Trailor

9/12/19 9/17/19

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People with disabilities may request reasonable accommodations such as interpreters, alternative formats, or assistance with physical accessibility. If you require accommodations, please contact the Chief Clerk's Office at (602) 926-3032 or through Arizona Relay Service 7-1-1.

^{*} The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents that are pursuant to House Rules.

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, September 17, 2019 SHR 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

MINUTES RECEIVED
CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE

9-19-19

Convened 1:30 P.M.

Recessed

Reconvened

Adjourned 4:09 P.M.

Members Present

<u>Members Absent</u>

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair

Colby Bower

Sherri Collins

Sarah Kader

Dana Kennedy

Cheryl Knupp

Erica McFadden

Elizabeth Ortiz

April Reed

Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder

Michael Trailor

Agenda

Original Agenda - Attachment 1

Request to Speak

Regan Smith

Sarah Kader

Report – Attachment 2

Committee Attendance

Report – Attachment 3

<u>Name</u>	Organization	Attachments (Handouts)
Kathy Berr	DES	4
Dr. Erica McFadden	AZ Developmental Disability Planning Council	5
Elizabeth Ortiz	AZ Prosecuting Attorney's Advisory Council	6
Mary Lynn Kasunic &	Area Agency on Aging	7

AZ Statewide Independent Living Council

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

N/A

September 19, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Conv. 1:30Pl Adj: 4109Pl

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

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Tuesday, September 17, 2019.

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Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder Michael Trailor

9/12/19 9/17/19 jy

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^{*} The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents that are pursuant to House Rules.

Information Registered on the Request to Speak System

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (9/17/2019)

4, Public Testimony

Support:

Cynthia Elliott, representing self

All Comments:

Cynthia Elliott, Self: I appreciate the opportunity to address the committee on this extremely important issue.

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN:	Jennifer Longdon	VICE-CHAIRMAN: Timothy M. Dunn				
DATE		09/17/19	/19	/19	/19	/19
	CONVENED		m	m	m	n
	RECESSED					
	RECONVENED					
	ADJOURNED	U'apm				*
MEMBERS						
Collay Bower		V				
Sherri Collins						
Sarah Kader		/				
Dana Kennedy		/				• • • •
Cheryl Knupp		/				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Erica McFadden						
Elizabeth Ortiz		/				****
April Reed		V				
Jose de Jesus V Rico		V				
Jami Snyder		/				-
Michael Trailor		/				
Dunn, Vice-Chairman						
Longdon, Chairman				- 		

Absent

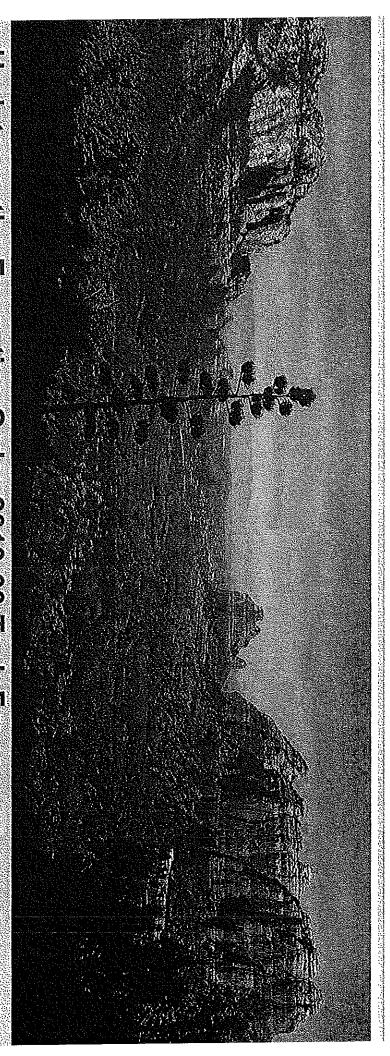
exc

Excused

Present

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY

Your Parener For A Stronger Artzona



Update on the Executive Order 2019-03 Task Force

Enhanced Protections for Individuals with Disabilities Executive Order 2019-03

- AHCCCS, ADHS, DES with disability advocates shall review current protocols signs and symptoms of abuse & neglect, and reporting of abuse & neglect and jointly develop training on preventing abuse and neglect, recognizing the
- that all staff, contractors, vendors with direct contact annually undergo training in AHCCCS, ADHS, DES shall ensure that all state contracts include a requirement
- preventing, recognizing and reporting abuse & neglect
- ယ signage with approved language on how to report abuse & neglect homes, and day programs include a requirement for prominent posting of AHCCCS, ADHS, DES shall ensure that all state contracts for residential, group
- AHCCCS, ADHS, DES shall ensure that all contracts include a requirement that a check of the APS registry before someone is hired
- ÇJ disabilities, advocacy organizations, providers and family members. To consider additional steps that can be taken to protect and improve care for individuals with AHCCCS, ADHS, DES shall convene a working group of individuals with office by November 1, 2019 disabilities and make recommendations and submit a report to the Governor's

Director Christ of ADHS and key staff

- Director Trailor of DES and key staff
- Director Snyder of AHCCCS and key staff
- Lindsay Ashworth; Sexual Violence Response Manager, Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence
- Representative Nancy Barto; Arizona Legislative District 15
- Senator Kate Brophy McGee; Arizona Legislative District 28
- Megan Cox, Partner, Lincoln Strategy Group, DD family member
- Asim Dietrich, JD; Staff Attorney, Arizona Center for Disability Law
- Stuart Goodman; Principal, Goodman Schwartz Public Affairs
- Gina Judy, MAOM; COO, Easterseals Blake Foundation and Chair, Developmental Disabilities Emily Jenkins, JD; CEO Arizona Council of Human Service Providers
- Dana Kennedy, MSW; State Director, Arizona AARP

Advisory Council

Cindy Leach, RN, NHA; COO, CopperSands; Arizona Health Care Association Board Member

ask force Members, commuec

- Representative Jennifer Longdon, Arizona Legislative District 24
- Ann Monahan; Board President, Arizona Autism Coalition; VP, State and Governmental Affairs, Hope Group
- Erica McFadden, PhD, MSW; Executive Director, Arizona Developmental Disabilities Planning Council
- Jon Meyers, Executive Director, The Arc of Arizona
- Joyce Millard Hoie, MPA; Consultant; Parent
- Sean Mockbee; Managing Partner, Sunshine Village Memory Care and Paseo Village Assisted Living
- Janna Murrell; Assistant Executive Director, Raising Special Kids; Parent
- Phil Pangrazio; President & CEO, Ability360
- Suzanne Pfister; President & CEO, Vitalyst Health Foundation
- Ellen Poole, Representative, MGA Home Health Care
- David Reed; Executive Director, San Carlos Apache Health and Human Services

aski-organens.

Denise Resnik, Co-Founder and Emeritus Board Member, Southwest Autism Research & Resource Center; Founder, First Place; Parent

- Kim Russell; Executive Director, Arizona Advisory Council on Indian Health Care
- Wendy Shaw; CEO, AIRES, LLC; Vice Chair, Arizona Association for Providers for Persons with Disabilities
- Connie Thompson RN, BSBA; Clinical Care Supervisor for Prior Authorization, Care 1st/WellCare Health Plans
- Heidi Trelease; Director of Residential Operations and Quality Assurance, The Tungland Corporation
- Jason Vail Cruz; Sexual Violence Policy Coordinator, Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence (through July 2019)
- Advisory Council member of individual with Down syndrome; Member, Developmental Disabilities Karen Van Epps; Chair, District Central Independent Oversight Committee; Family
- David Voepel, CAE; CEO, Arizona Health Care Association

Organization

- Facilitator Sharon Flanagan-Hyde
- Monthly Task Force Meetings
- Monthly Work Group Meetings

- Agency Alignment
- Identifies areas where AHCCCS, DHS and DES need to continue working to ensure a streamlined system of protection for vulnerable adults
- Incident Reporting and Investigation
- Identifies potential gaps or duplication in reporting and investigation of incidents by various entities including AHCCCS, DHS, DES and Law Enforcement
- Incident Stabilization and Recovery
- Identifies strategies and solutions for individuals after abuse or neglect occurs
- Member and Family Education
- Identifies gaps and opportunities for education of individuals and families on the system, including DES/DDD, DES/APS, DHS, AHCCCS and other entities.
- Prevention
- Identifies strategies and opportunities to for prevention of abuse and neglect of vulnerable

Sulding Principles

- Work toward action items in a positive way
- Keep recommendations as simple as possible
- Keep discussions and recommendations:
- Person- and family-focused
- Culturally sensitive and competent, including concerns of indigenous populations.
- Evidence-based and data-informed
- Informed by best practice and lessons learned in other states
- Seek innovative, system-level change with optimism
- Work toward collaboration among all entities and stakeholders
- their recommendations Each Work Group is tasked with incorporating outcome measures in

Current Status

Work Groups developed recommendations

- Task Force reviewing and revising draft recommendations
- Next Task Force Meeting: September 20, 2019
- Recommendations and report due to the Governor by November 1, 2019





Reporting and Preventing Maltreatment of Vulnerable Adults:

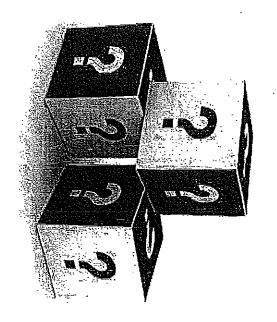
Key Findings and Recommendations

Erica S. McFadden, MSW, Ph.D.



To be addressed

- What did you learn when you began to investigate your exposure?
- What changes do you feel need to be initiated?
- What do you think you have left to do/next steps?
- What do you need from the AZ Leg to get it done?





on Developmental Disabilities (DD)? What are Councils

- Authorized through federal DD Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000
- Federally funded, self-governing organizations in every state and territory
- Engage in "advocacy, systems change, and capacity-building" addressing most pressing needs of people with DD in each region
- Advance public policy that help individuals gain more control over their lives "Provide information to policymakers by supporting and conducting studies policymakers,... and State agencies." (Public Law 106-402) conclusions, and recommendations directly to Federal, State, and local and analyses, gathering information, and developing and disseminating model policies and procedures, information, approaches, strategies, findings,



AUUPO Required Activities

Governor-appointed 23-member Council with 6 staff. The Council SHALL:

- Serve as a forum through which issues regarding people with DD may be discussed
- Review and make recommendations on services and programs for people with DD and make those recommendations available to the Governor, Legislature and government agencies as requested
- ✓ Monitor programs and services to encourage efficient and coordinated use of resources
- \checkmark Advise the public and private sector on programs, policies, and concerns pertaining to services for persons with DD and their families



ADDPC Response to Abuse

Council Goal Revised to Include:

...diminish discrimination, neglect, abuse and exploitation"

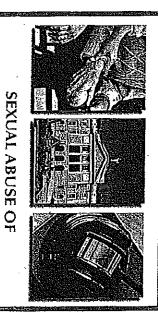
Other Activities sponsored to date:

- \$93,000 grant to Improvement Assurance Group report due Summer 2020
- Producing video on sexual abuse and people with disabilities
- ACEs training inclusive of people with disabilities
- Supported Decision-Making Coalition Ongoing in-house research



Reports: Preventing Abuse

January 2019



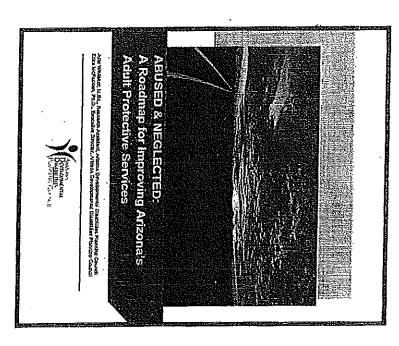
ARIZONANS WITH
DEVELOPMENTAL AND
OTHER DISABILITIES

2019 Legislative and Regulatory

2019 Legislative and Regulatory Recommendations for Prevention



September 2019





Post Sexual Abuse Report What We've Learned

- from another state, or work in private care or hospital settings Direct care workers or support professionals work multiple jobs, may come Usefulness of One-time APS Registry Checks: Job hopping continues.
- training on awareness, recognition, reporting, and post-reporting care among Abuse and Neglect Training: There is still a lack of overall, consistent annual individuals, families, and some provider agencies
- Addressing Healthy Relationships: Fear exists around discussion of healthy relationships of people with DD
- how penalties for failing to report are enforced Anti-retaliation/Reporting Enforcement: Victims are afraid to report. Unclear
- Shortage of Staffing: Contributing to resistance to additional requirements.



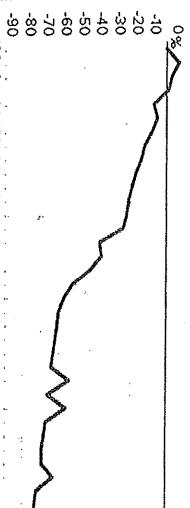
OUR LOOK INTO APS - What We've Learned

No federal requirements or oversight

Very little federal funding from SSBG funds

Social Services Block Grant Has Shrunk by 73 Percent in Recent Decades

Decline of Social Services Block Grant in inflation-adjusted dollars since 1982



82 '84 '86 '88 '90 '92 '94 '96 '98 '00 '02 '04 '06 '08 '10 '12 '14 '16

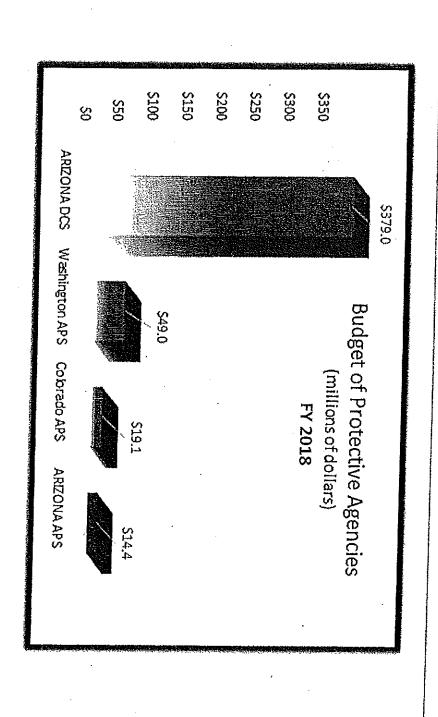
Note: In 2006, 2008, and 2013. Congress provided emergency funding through SSEG to help states respond to natural disasters. The funds were in addition to the yearly SSEG appropriations.

Source: Congressional Research Service compiled data from Health and Human Services.

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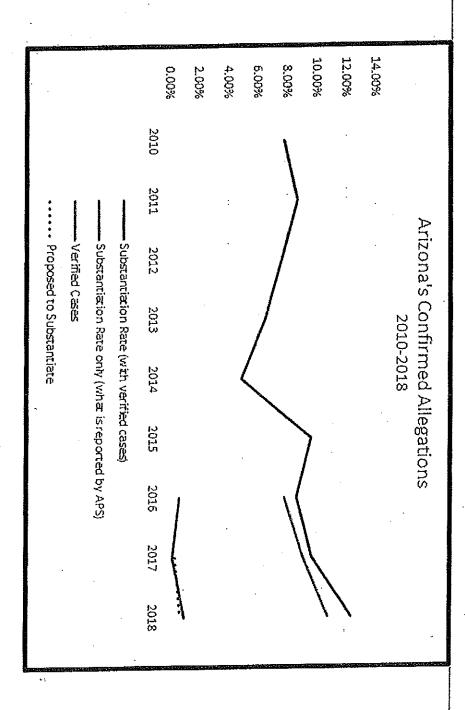


Our look Into APS - Mac We've Learned





Our Look Into APS - What We've Learned





Our Look Into APS - What We've Learned

come with more education and training requirements Administration for Community Living says higher substantiation rates

- Currently, no minimum education requirements in AZ
- Limited ongoing training
- Little information about how to interact with people with DD
- Heavy emphasis on case closures by 60 days/high caseloads may contribute to premature case closures
- Data collection and reporting remains an issue

investigator training The good news: DES just received a new 3-year federal grant for



What Changes Can We Make?

Transparency:

- Agencies should publicly report what changes/actions have been made and ensure progress, e.g., status of anti-retaliation language to protect victims? (successes and barriers), at least semi-annually to support prevention efforts
- Require posting of all residential inspection reports for easy access

Quality Assurance:

- Work with vulnerable adults and families to develop and report on quality DHS, and AHCCCS measures/indicators across different agencies, including APS, DDD, DAAS,
- serious staffing challenges and its impact to quality care Begin a cross-departmental task force with self-advocates that begins to address

Trauma-Informed Care: Give all victims of abuse the option of counseling



Next Steps for our Sexual Violence and DD Roundtable

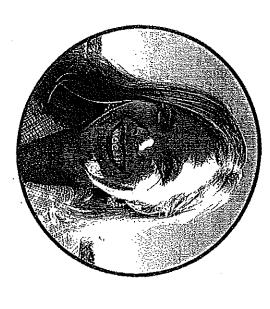
- 1. Multi-disciplinary Teams: How are child/family advocacy centers, APS and DCS working together across the state? What is succeeding and what barriers exist?
- 2. Criminal Justice: How can we strengthen our criminal justice system to better support victims with disabilities, from police to the judicial system?
- 3. Trauma-Informed Access: How well-trained are counselors to work with victims with communication or cognitive disabilities? How accessible are clinics?
- 4. School Prevention Data: What do students with DD need to keep them safe?
- 5. QoC Inspections: How are these being done, and how effective are they?
- 6. Tribes: How are these issues being addressed among tribal communities?



Legislative Recommendations

- APS staff training: Require specific training for APS investigators, similar to CO's statute (HB 17-1284). Include stronger minimum requirements for staffing
- 2. APS registry: Require annual checks of the APS registry.
- 3. Mandatory reporter training: Require annual mandatory reporter and duty to report training for everyone obligated to report
- 4. Elevate penalties for failing to report: Move failing to report sexual assault of a vulnerable adult from a class 1 misdemeanor to class 6 felony, equivalent with similar statute for reporting child abuse
- 5. Create a community advisory committee for APS

Contact Us

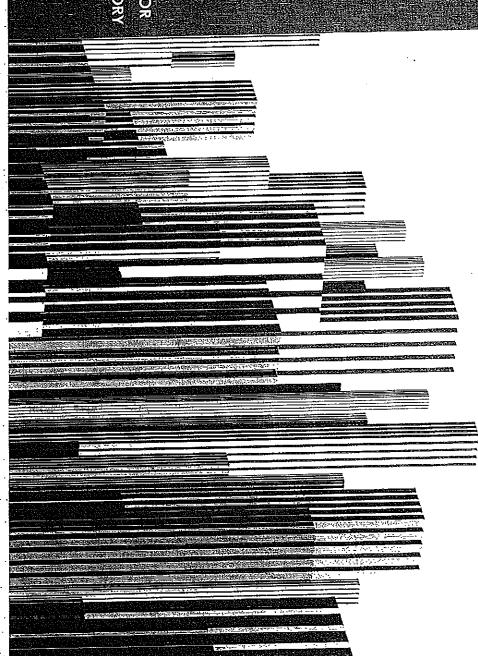


Erica McFadden, MSW, Ph.D., Executive Director (602) 542-8977 emcfadden@azdes.gov

House Ad Hoc
Abuse & Neglect
of Vulnerable
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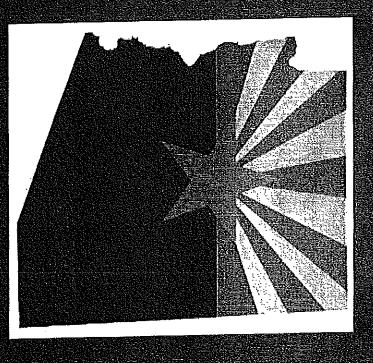
September 17, 2019

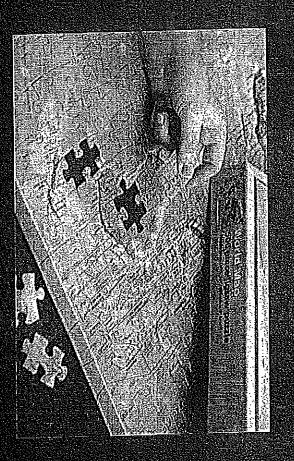
ELIZABETH BURTON ORTIZ, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ARIZONA PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS' ADVISORY COUNCIL



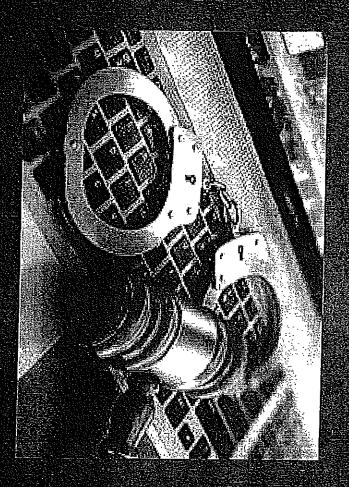
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Protecting Vulnerable Adults

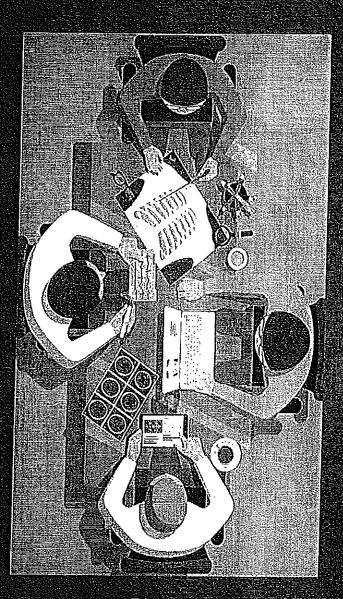








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- ▶Review only effer efiminal investigation /
- $hilde{>}$ Report findings/recommendations to AGO
- De idenitiving information in report

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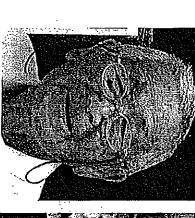
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- >Annuel enelysis on heldenee & couses
- Pleip develop local Teview learns & Standards
- Develop investigation protocors
- Study statutes, rules, training, services, etc
- \gg Educate public regarding incidents, causes & prevention

Arizond Proseculing Aliomeys Advisory Council



REGION ONE, INCORPORATED AREA AGENCY ON AGING

Community Needs Responding to for 45 Years









Certified

Licensed









Certified



Private Non-Profit Organization, 501(c)(3)

Serving over 114,000 Maricopa County Residents Annually

© 2019 Area Agency on Aging, Region One, Inc.

The Arizona Long-Term Care Ombudsman program to address resident rights and quality care in skilled nursing, assisted Program is a federal and state funded living and adult foster care facilities.

Long-Term Care

concerns and resolves complaints related to adversely affect the health, safety, welfare actions, inactions and decisions that may The Ombudsman program investigates Ombudsman Program and/or rights of the residents

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- timely access to Ombudsmen services Ensures residents have regular and
- good care practices Educates residents, their family and facility staff about resident rights and
- residents' quality of life and care Advocates for changes to improve

Ombudsman Program Long-Term Care

governmental agencies and seeks legal, protect residents administrative and other remedies to Represents resident interests before

services and resident rights regarding long-term care facilities, Provides information to the public

Ombuesmen Frogram Tong-Term Care

The national Institute of Medicine for every 2,000 licensed beds. one paid FTE Ombudsman recommends

Statewide Ombudsman Data

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To meet the	TOTALS	VIII	<u>\</u>	\ 	<	Posterior Programme Control Co		One	Region
Institute of M		Inter-Tribal Council	Graham, Greenlee, Cochise, Santa Cruz	Pinal, Gila	Mohave, La Paz, Yuma	Apache, Navajo, Coconino, Yavapai	Pima	Maricopa	Counties
To meet the Institute of Medicine standards, AZ Long-Term Care Ombudsman program needs an additional \$1M	154	60	Oi	7	11	16	25	84	Nursing Homes
	2,141	27	20	7	44	& 3	369	1,591	Assisted Living
	56,867	60	808	1,721	2,909	3,466	10,138	37,765	Number of Beds
	19.0	1.6	0.75	0.85	2	Ń	ω	8.75	Paid OMB (FTE)
am needs an ad	ŧ	21	33	16	28	50	132	161	Number of facilities per Paid OMB
diffonal \$1M	Z.	38	1,077	2,025	1,455	1,733	3,379	4,316	Number of Beds per Paid OMB



AREA AGENCY ON AGING

Mary Lynn Kasunic President & CEO

Regan Smith Director

Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program 24-hour Senior HELP LINE

Answers@aaaphx.org 602-264-HELP (4357) www.aaaphx.org

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Ahjahna Graham

From:

Hayley Howard

Sent:

Friday, September 20, 2019 11:32 AM

To:

Tracy Lopes; Ingrid Garvey; Ahjahna Graham; Jennifer Longdon; Tim Dunn

Subject:

FW: request for notes from Committee 09-17

From: Sarah Kader <skader@azsilc.org>
Sent: Friday, September 20, 2019 9:48 AM
To: Hayley Howard <HHoward@azleg.gov>

Subject: Re: request for notes from Committee 09-17

Sure thing – here are the statistics I mentioned and AZSILC's current recommendations, as well as the link to the survey that can be distributed.

Survey:

http://bit.ly/SILCSurvey2019

Statistics:

From: https://disabilityjustice.org/sexual-abuse/

People with disabilities are sexually assaulted at nearly three times the rate of people without disabilities. A 2005 survey of people with disabilities indicated that 60 percent of respondents had been subjected to some form of unwanted sexual activity. Unfortunately, almost half never reported the assault. In general, people with disabilities experience domestic and sexual violence at higher rates than people who do not have a form of disability. Consider the following:

- 83% of women with disabilities will be sexually assaulted in their lives.
- Just 3% of sexual abuses involving people with developmental disabilities are ever reported.
- 50% of girls who are deaf have been sexually abused compared to 25% of girls who are hearing; 54% of boys who are deaf have been sexually abused in comparison to 10% of boys who are hearing.
- Women with a disability are far more likely to have a history of undesired sex with an intimate partner
 19.7% vs. 8.2%.

Approximately 80% of women and 30% of men with developmental disabilities have been sexually
assaulted – half of these women have been assaulted more than 10 times.

From: https://www.endabusepwd.org/problem/alarming-rates/

People with disabilities are at greater risk of being victimized.

- 3 times more likely to experience violent victimization as adolescents and adults
- 3 times more likely to experience rape, sexual assault, aggravated assault, and robbery
- 3 times more likely to be sexually abused as children
- 1.6 times more likely to experience abuse or neglect as children
- 1.5 times more likely to experience repeated abuse or neglect as children

Risk of violent victimization is even higher for some people with disabilities. This includes: women with disabilities, people with cognitive or developmental disabilities, people with psychiatric disabilities, and people with multiple disabilities. People with intellectual disabilities are sexually assaulted at a rate seven times that of people without disabilities.

Some possible solutions:

- Increased pay for care-workers
- Training on signs of abuse/neglect for compliance officers that go into facilities
- Add checklist regarding abuse/neglect to licensure requirements
- Training for peace officers on how to spot abuse/neglect and how to respond to calls about abuse/neglect
- Education and resources in the community regarding abuse/neglect (for families, individuals who have disabilities, teachers, social workers, etc)
- APS should be 24/7
- Increased reporting requirements
- Make unlawful policies that disincentivize reporting
- Expand ombudsman office to include monitoring of DDD group homes

Sarah E. Kader

Director of Operations

Arizona Statewide Independent Living Council

P.O. Box 46354 Phoenix, Arizona 85063 (602) 262-2900, ext. 1 (602) 271-4100 (Fax) skader@azsilc.org www.azsilc.org

From: Hayley Howard < HHoward@azleg.gov > Date: Thursday, September 19, 2019 at 11:39 AM

To: Sarah Kader < skader@azsilc.org>

Subject: request for notes from Committee 09-17

Good Morning,

Can you send our office the notes and information you relayed to the committee on Tuesday.

Hayley Howard- 602-926-5344 Admin. Assistant **To Rep. Shah & Rep. Longdon** 602-926-4467

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Appendix C:

October 1, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

Tuesday, October 1, 2019

Time:

1:30 P.M.

Place:

HHR₁

AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Presentations:
 - Arizona Center for Disability Law
 - AARP
 - Ability 360
- Stakeholders:
 - Holly Reycraft
 - Faith McCloone, Task Force Against Senior Abuse
- 4. Committee Discussion
- 5. Public Testimony
- 6. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair Colby Bower – designee for Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico Jami Snyder

Michael Trailor

* The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents that are pursuant to House Rules.

9/26/19

People with disabilities may request reasonable accommodations such as interpreters, alternative formats, or assistance with physical accessibility. If you require accommodations, please contact the Chief Clerk's Office at (602) 926-3032 or through Arizona Relay Service 7-1-1.

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, October 1, 2019 House Hearing Room 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

Members Absent

Ms. Knupp

MINUTES RECEIVED
CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE

10-1-19

Convened 1:30 P.M.

Recessed

Reconvened

Adjourned 4:13 P.M.

Members Present

Representative Longdon, Chairman

Representative Dunn, Vice-Chairman

Dr. Christ

Ms. Collins

Ms. Kader

Ms. Kennedy

Ms. McFadden

Ms. Ortiz

Ms. Reed

Mr. Rico

Ms. Snyder

Mr. Trailor

Agenda

Original Agenda – Attachment 1

Request to Speak

Report – Attachment 2

Committee Attendance

Report – Attachment 3

Presentations

Name Organization Attachments (Handouts)

J.J. Rico AZ Center for Disability Law 4
Dana Kennedy AARP 5

April Reed & Phil Pangrazio Ability360 6, 7

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

October 1, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

Convened: 1:30 pm

Ajourned: 4:13 pm

Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

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Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed

Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder Michael Trailor

9/26/19 jy

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^{*} The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents that are pursuant to House Rules.

Information Registered on the Request to Speak System

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (10/1/2019)

5, Public Testimony

Support:

Cynthia Elliott, representing self; Christine Scianna, representing self

All Comments:

Cynthia Elliott, Self: Request to speak at the Oct 1 meeting.; Christine Scianna, Self: Requesting to speak at the meeting.

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR THE PUBLIC RECORD



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Please PRINT Clearly

Committee on Abuse 1 Neglect	Bill Number
Date 10/1/19	☐ Support ☐ Oppose ☒ Neutral
Name Lindsay Janes	Need to Speak? Yes □ No
Name <u>Linday Janes</u> Representing <u>Comm. Outrea on Propant</u>	Are you a registered lobbyist? <u>00</u>
Complete Address 208 W. Adams	S+ Tucson, 9285705
E-mail Address Lindsay (@ copdaz.oro	Phone Number <u>520-792.1900</u>
Comments:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	,
FIVE-MINUTE SPEAKING	G LIMIT

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN	Jennifer Longdon	VICE-CHAIRMAN: Timothy M. Dunn				
	DATE	10/01/19	/19	/19	/19	/19
	CONVENED	1:30 pm	m	m	m	n
<u>.</u>	RECESSED					
	RECONVENED					
· -	ADJOURNED	4:13pm				
MEMBERS	3					-
Colby Bow	er-designee for Dr. Cara Christ	V				
Sherri Colli	<u></u>	√				
Sarah Kade	er	1				
Dana Kenn	nedy	/				
Cheryl Knu	pp					
Molly McCa	arthy-designee for Michaeltroite	/				
Erica McFa	i	√				
Elizabeth C	Ortiz	/		,		
April Reed		/				
José de Je	José de Jesus V Rico					
Jami Snyder						•
Dunn, Vice	-Chairman					
Longdon, C	Chairman	/				
			-			

Absent

Present

Excused

exc



PRINO2D

J.J. Rico, Chief Executive Officer, October 1, 2019

Attachment 4



ACUT AISSION & AISION

- Our Mission: ACDL is a non-profit law firm that assists Arizonans with disabilities to promote and and equality. protect their legal rights to independence, justice,
- Our Vision: A society where people with disabilities enjoy full acceptance without barriers



Protection & Advocacy System (P&A's)

- Protection and Advocacy Systems (P&A's) were established by neglect of persons with disabilities who resided in institutions. Congress in response to public outcry regarding abuse and
- disabilities address the needs of various populations of persons with Congress created distinct statutory authority and programs to
- Each state and territory has a P&A agency, which is designated by the Governor.



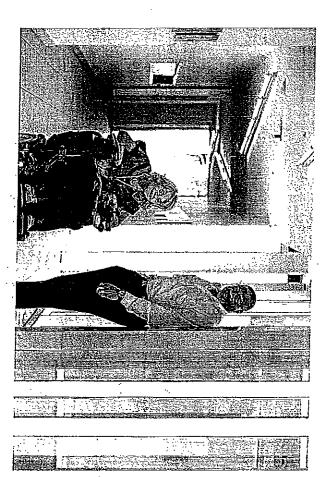
Tegeral Protection and Advocacy

- Persons with Developmental Disabilities (PADD)
- Individuals with Mental Illness (PAIMI)
- 3. Individuals with Traumatic Brain Injury (PATBI)
- 4. Beneficiaries of Social Security (PABSS)
- Individual Rights (PAIR)
- Voter Access (PAVA)
- Assistive Technology (PAAT)
- Client Assistance Program (CAP)
- Rep Payee (PABRP)



STO IS ACULT

- Designated as the P&A in Arizona in 1974
- ACDL has authority to pursue legal, administrative, and other appropriate remedies or approaches to ensure the protection of, and advocacy for, the rights of individuals with disabilities within the State.
- As part of its protection and advocacy work, ACDL engages in impact and class action litigation on behalf of clients who face discrimination or other violations of civil rights and federal statutory protections.





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abuse and neglect, as authorized by the Protection and Advocacy of Individuals with Mental In Arizona Center for Disability Law v. Cara M. Christ, et al, 18-CV-02854 PHX MHB (D. Ariz.), Illness (PAIMI) Act, 42 U.S.C. § 10801 et seq. reasonable unaccompanied access to patients during monitoring visits and investigations of ACDL is challenging the Arizona State Hospital's practices that interfere with ACDL staff's

ACDL continues to monitor prison facilities; interviewing prisoners, reviewing health care records, Arizona Department of Corrections (ADC)) in monitoring and enforcing a class action settlement. ACDL continues to serve as co-counsel (representing the P&A) with American Civil Liberties Union Additionally, in Parsons et al v. Ryan et al, 12-CV-00601 PHX ROS) (D. Ariz. Feb. 18, 2015), briefing enforcement issues, and representing the P&A during evidentiary hearings and mediation, ("ACLU"), ACLU of Arizona, and the Prison Law Office (representing the class of prisoners in the



What issues does ACDL address?

- Monitor health and mental health facilities
- Investigate abuse and neglect
- Employment discrimination
- Appropriate health and mental health care services
- Discrimination in health care programs
- Special education/transition services
- Discrimination in gov't programs, services, businesses and commercial facilities and housing

PODE and its Access Authority

ACCESS AUTHORITY:

- ACDL may inspect all areas of the facility used by residents or accessible to residents without the presence of any facility employee. ACDL does not need the consent of any party to access to the
- ACDL does not need the consent of a parent/guardian to speak with a minor or adults with guardians ACDL may speak privately with any resident, including minors or adults with guardians, at all The resident may choose not to speak to ACDL. reasonable times, including at any time necessary to conduct a full investigation of abuse or neglect.
- any employee or other persons, who ACDL reasonably believes has knowledge of the incident under When conducting an investigation of abuse or neglect, ACDL must have the opportunity to interview Investigation
- otherwise be confidential. ACDL may review and copy any records maintained by the facility. This includes records that may



1/30/2019 Hacienda - ACDL follow up

- arrival, staff at the front desk initially requested that we schedule an appointment for a later date, but ACDL was ultimately granted access to the facility after speaking with a supervisor. woman with disability becoming pregnant and giving birth while at the facility. Upon our January 30, 2019 - ACDL staff conduced an unannounced site visit due to media reports of a
- checks on rooms every 15 minutes as well as room checks every 2 hours (for repositioning, First, ACDL staff briefly met with employees of Benchmark, the third-party company that the diaper changes, etc.). to client ratio of 1:12 for RNs. We were informed facility staff are required to do safety State ordered Hacienda to retain to oversee the functioning of their facility. There was a staff
- We observed that rooms were considerable distance from the central nursing station. Since the above-described incident, Hacienda reported they have made the flowing changes:

access, and increasing patient supervision Installing CCTV cameras, hiring security staff, modifying visiting hours, restricting building



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On March 26, 2019, ACDL staff returned to Hacienda as part of a another show the front staff identification, sign into an electronic security system, and above appeared to still be in effect. For example, ACDL staff were required to conducting a beneficiary interview. All of the security changes described from the main building, ACDL reviewers toured the facility again while program review. While a majority of our meeting occurred in an office away wear name badges. Police officers and security personnel were again observed around the building and cameras were noted throughout the common areas of the facility.



Hacienda 31ª Visit - 6/27/2019

- News report on 6/18/19 of maggots being found in a patient's surgical incision.
- and all procedures were followed correctly. The client had been receiving above the standard of care. The patient has been transferred respiratory care every six hours at the incision area; which they report is the incident report. Hacienda stated they found the incident to be isolated Hacienda reported doing an internal investigation. They provided ACDL with
- Since the incident, Hacienda reports they have implemented the following controls
- Incorporated pest control into the infection control policy.
- Had the facility inspected and sealed cracks and other areas where insects might enter.



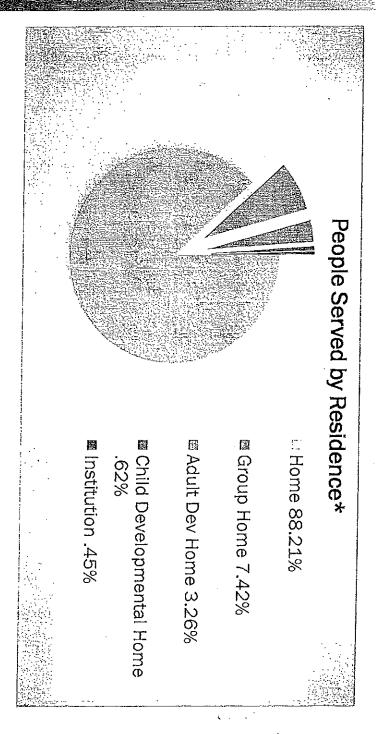
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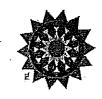
the closure. Medicare halted new admissions in June 2019. Per, news reports the majority of however, ACDL was not able to obtain the exact number of patients that were moved due to patients. ACDL was not able to confirm that with Hacienda. patients were moved to Allegiant. Allegiant reported they had room for all of the Hacienda The skilled nursing part of Hacienda has closed. The 74-bed facility had 35 residents in June;

bed intermediate care that currently has 34 residents. 29 of whom receive respiratory care. in June. Hacienda filed an appeal. residents are 16-67. ADHS issued a Notice of Intent to Revoke the Hacienda ICF-IID license No new residents have been admitted to Hacienda since 1/3/19. The age range of the Per, Director of Nursing Theresa Dunlap, there is no plan to close the ICF-IID. The ICF is a 60

R

eligible individuals. The residence of those served as of June 30, 2017 are represented below: According to DDD's 2017 Family Support Annual Report, There are 39,160 DD





Arizona Group Homes (ACDI Research)

- As of mid-2017, there were approximately 2,905 group home residents throughout the state
- There were at least 485 group homes in operation
- Management Program Monitoring Unit is currently The Department of Economic Security's Quality responsible for monitoring group homes

developmental homes; license applications; 4/17/2018) investigation and operation; third-party 36-592, Adult developmental homes; child contractors; rules; definitions (Passed

- a form prescribed by the department. A. An applicant for an adult developmental home or child developmental home license shall submit an application on
- adequacy of services. Before issuing or renewing a license, the department shall determine that the applicant is independent oversight of licensing. The department may contract with third parties to perform services in able to meet the emotional, physical, social, developmental, educational, cultural and intellectual needs of clients, of care within the setting, the financial stability of the applicant, the character and training of the applicant and the B. Before issuing or renewing a license to an applicant, the department shall investigate the activities and standards oversight and licensure under this subsection. <u>connection with oversight and licensing. The department may not contract with the same third party for both</u> The department by rule shall establish standards for licensure. The department shall maintain a system of
- prescribe the number, ages and sex of clients Each license shall state in general terms the kind of setting the licensee is authorized to operate and shall



ARS 36-592... continued

- D. A licensee who holds an adult developmental home or child developmental home license shall:
- 1. Comply with applicable health, safety and sanitation codes or standards and document its compliance.
- 2. File reports as prescribed by the department.
- 3. Allow the department to inspect or monitor its services and facility and the facility's books and records.
- 4. Comply with rules adopted by the department
- 5. Provide for the health, safety and welfare of the licensee's clients
- 6. Allow the inspection of the developmental home at reasonable times pursuant to section 36-595.01.
- E. A license expires one year from the date of issuance.



36-595 OI. Access to facilities

- following to inspect the facility at reasonable times: A group home, adult developmental home or child developmental home shall allow the
- Parents and guardians of facility residents.
- 2. Members of the developmental disabilities advisory council.
- that has historical expertise with monitoring residential settings for persons with intellectual 3. Employees or agents of an Arizona nonprofit advocacy organization that is a state chapter and developmental disabilities. of a national advocacy organization, that has affiliated local chapters within this state and



PRO WO-UDY: COSTILION

- F. For each adult developmental home and child developmental home, the department shall:
- 1. Conduct an annual licensing home visit.
- enter into a contract with third parties to perform services in connection with oversight and monitoring. The department may two times per year. The department shall maintain a system of independent oversight of monitoring. The department may 2. Monitor the settings for compliance with health, safety, contractual, programmatic and quality assurance standards at least not contract with the same third party for both oversight and monitoring under this paragraph.
- client, the department shall conduct the investigation immediately. 3. Investigate a complaint within ten working days after receiving notice of the complaint, except that if there is a danger to a
- G. The department shall establish by rule minimum qualifications, responsibilities and oversight for the licensing and monitoring and monitoring, maximum caseload ratios for those performing licensing and monitoring services and a system for appropriate professional judgment, conflicts of interest and training. The rules shall establish the frequency and type of visits for licensing of adult developmental homes and child developmental homes. The rules regarding minimum qualifications shall address public access to information regarding licensing and monitoring findings.



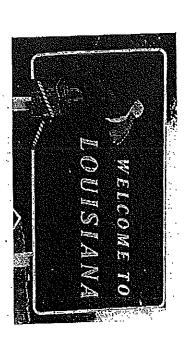
AKS US-USA: COSTINED

- H. The department may contract with the same third party to developmental home. monitoring of an adult developmental home or a child perform services in connection with the licensing and
- I. For the purposes of this section:
- applicants 1. "Licensing" includes recruiting and verifying qualifications of
- 2. "Monitoring" includes monitoring health, safety, contractual, developmental home or child developmental home. programmatic and quality assurance standards of an adult



Office State Social









Indiana's Monitoring Approach

The Division of Disabilities and Rehabilitation Services oversees the Statewide Waiver Ombudsman

- Ombudsman are responsible for receiving, investigating, and attempting to resolve complaints
- Monitoring is conducted on an individual basis to ensure compliance with the person's service plan
- Conducted by Case Managers
- At least one face-to-face visit with the individual every 90 days
- At least one unannounced monitoring visit each year

Ombudsman statute http://iga.in.gov/legislative/laws/2019/ic/titles/012#12-11-13

Ombudsman functions and Case Manager monitoring https://www.in.gov/fssa/files/ddrs%20hcbs%20waivers.pdf

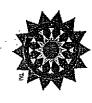


Washington's Monitoring Approach

- contractor Established the Office of Developmental Disabilities Ombuds, which is operated by a nonprofit
- award the contract to Competitive bidding was used to determine which nonprofit the Department of Commerce would
- Chosen contractor is Disability Rights Washington
- Office of Developmental Disabilities Ombuds is responsible for the monitoring of group homes and handling of complaints
- Office entirely funded by Washington Department of Commerce
- \$643,000 per year

Legislation establishing ODDO https://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=43.382.005

ODDO website https://ddombuds.org/



Louisiana's Monitoring Approach

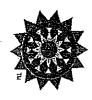
- Established Community Living Ombudsman Program to monitor group
- Program is run by the Advocacy Center of Louisiana, which is a nonprofit organization
- Each office visits at least 25% of the group homes in their region each month
- Reports to the Attorney General's Office

Statute establishing ombudsman program http://legis.la.gov/Legis/law.aspx?d=321103

Statute for ombudsman responsibilities http://legis.la.gov/Legis/law.aspx?d=321104



- Advocacy Center of Louisiana primarily operates on federal and state grants
- US Department of Health and Human Services
- US Department of Education
- Social Security Administration
- State of Louisiana Governor's Office of Elderly Affairs
- State of Louisiana Department of Justice
- Louisiana Bar Foundation
- Advocacy Center received \$647,264 in total grants for 2017





Phoenix Office

Tucson Office

5025 E. Washington St., Ste. 202 Phoenix, AZ 85034 (602) 274-6287 1-800-927-2260

177 N. Church Avenue, Suite 800 Tucson, AZ 85701 (520) 327-9547 1-800-922-1447

www.azdisabilitylaw.org

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Dana Marie Kennedy, MSW State Director, AARP Arizonal October 1, 2019

Attachment

AARP

for and equip each individual to live their best life." It's all about real AARP and its affiliates do can be summed up in just 12 words: "We fight nearly 38 million members—is our mission. At its heart, the work that Enhancing the quality of life for all as we age—not just serving our possibilities

local, state and national levels. We work on important issues, such as: AARP fights for age 50 and over individuals and their families at the

- retirement savings efforts to help everyone achieve lifetime financial Leading efforts to preserve Social Security and promote other
- Promoting adequate, affordable health care, including prescription drugs and long-term care
- Fostering communities with affordable and appropriate housing, as around well as supportive community features and options for getting

What We Learned

- The focus was certainly on the Developmental Disability Community but we know that abuse also happens to vulnerable adults
- all the systems that have oversights of vulnerable adults happened at Hacienda was an opportunity to make sure we reviewed We wanted to make sure that when agencies were looking at what
- We commend the Governor for appointing a task force which was highlighted on Sept. 17th at the last Ad Hoc meeting and presented by comprehensive recommendations some are short term and others are DES. This task force is just wrapping up the work and has some long term
- Erica McFadden did an excellent job of reviewing what we learned on not replicate them Sept. 17th and I agree with the points she made and will attempt to

What We Learned

- and federal agencies, which hampers comparisons of data that inform prevention and intervention efforts. A lack of conformity among data collection instruments Furthermore, there is a lack of a common definition of elder abuse among states further complicates research comparisons. is underreported, but older adult victims number in the hundreds of thousands. There is little reliable data on the prevalence of abuse. Like other forms of abuse it
- We do not have a good system in place to make sure all the people who live in group homes have same oversight as those in skilled nursing facilities.
- We have a huge void to fill with recruiting, training and retaining paid caregivers who provide the majority of care to our love ones in the home, group homes, and skilled nursing facilities. Workforce shortages lead to lack of quality and quantity of staff.
- Cognitive impairment makes people more vulnerable and makes it difficult to communicate that they were abused.
- should report. Lack of training for workers to understand what abuse is, how to report it, and who

What Changes Can We Make?

- health professionals all must be made aware of the signs of abuse. In-home services, such as frail older adults. A broad range of protective services are needed to help prevent and stop abuse, Meals on Wheels or home health care, play significant roles in preventing and addressing abuse of Detecting and preventing elder abuse requires increasing awareness. The general public, and ranging from simple assistance with household chores to outright guardianship. Other examples referrals, and personal money management include community-based programs that provide services such as counseling, information and
- to seek restitution. State laws typically offer victims a range of remedial services. Statutes also Enhancing legal protections against elder abuse could help prevent it. It would also allow victims impose criminal penalties for various forms of elder abuse.

What Changes Can We Make?

Explore Mandatory Reporting Statute to:

- Impose Civil Penalty on the individual failing to report, (See, interesting rationale for going the civil route at http://publish.illinois.edu/elderlawjournal/files/2017/07/Bernal.pdf) OR
- Impose stricter criminal penalty (as in NY/felony)

Impose Civil Penalty on the institution with a number of potentially escalating remedies which could

- Revoke the facility's license and/or contract with the state to provide services;
- (b) Deny payment;
- facility administrator; (c) Assess and collect a civil monetary penalty with interest from the facility owner and/or
- (d) Appoint temporary management;
- Close the facility and/or transfer residents to another certified facility;
-) Direct a plan of correction;
- (g) Assign monitors to the facility; or
- (h) Reduce the licensed bed capacity.
- Require facilities to train all staff and contractors with potential for resident access and test on mandatory reporting. Mandate continuing education on same.

What Changes Can We Wake?

- employees and contractors with direct access; Create a system to Strengthen Criminal Background Checks to ensure coverage of all automatically alert facilities of new arrests (or even convictions) at the state and federal level
- Strengthen penalties for facilities that fail to follow statutory or regulatory guidelines. Ensure that remedies are swiftly and consistently imposed
- Pass Virtual Visitation Legislation requiring nursing homes to inform members. This was just recently passed in Louisiana rooms to monitor their care and facilitate communication with family residents and their families of their right to utilize technology in their
- Facilitate family involvement in nursing home care planning.

What Changes Can We Make?

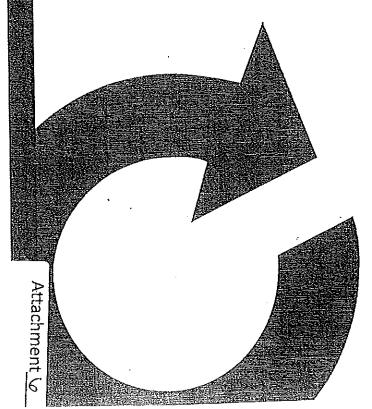
- family members can organize a group and meet without nursing home staff, Strengthen nursing home family council requirements. Ensure that groups of to discuss concerns and make recommendations to the nursing facility for action
- Fully fund agencies responsible for investigating abuse and neglect and ensure that they have the capacity to respond appropriately and follow-up.
- Implement and fund strong and independent LTSS ombudsman programs ombudsmen that go beyond federal requirements and include an adequate number of
- group homes Provide adequate funding to permit Ombudsmen to visit all facilities including
- Ensure that complaints and reports of nursing home abuse are fully investigated by those with skills, training and capacity to do so, and that that area. cases of nursing home sexual abuse are handled by those with expertise in

Next Steps

- of bills to address the changes we can make. Look at model legislation from other states and introduce a package
- Develop a work group to explore best practice models to recruit, train and mentor paid caregivers.

STOR DIRECTOR, AND ARINODO Dena Karia Kannaay, Issu dkennedy@aarp.org (602) 262-5191





OUT NISSO

and promotes programs designed to empower people with disabilities to take personal Ability360 is a nonprofit organization that offers community. continue independent lifestyles within the responsibility so that they may achieve or

"Center for independent Living" is...

- A non-residential, private, nonprofit agency
- by individuals with disabilities Designed and operated within a local community
- Provides an array of independent living services.

We are:

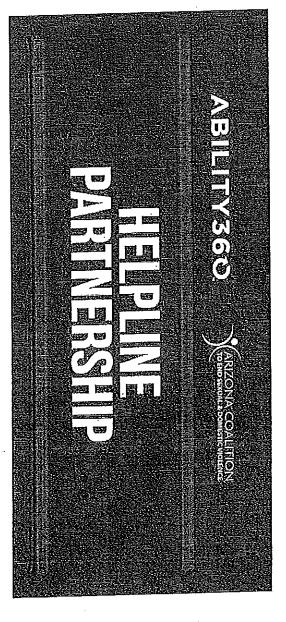
- Consumer-controlled (51%+)
- Community-based
- Cross-disability

Don't live in Maricopa, Pinal, or Gila County? Find Your OIL on the IIRU Website.

ndependent Living Phiosophy

We believe that the opportunity to fully social life of our own community is a participate in the political, economic, and basic human right.

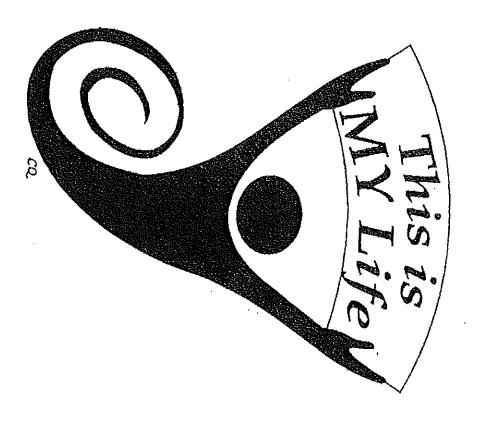
a reason to deny those rights. inhibits personal function is not, in itself, The existence of a disability which



- A Victim Services Specialist is available every Campus Thursday from 3 - 7 PM at the Ability360 Main
- Community members, including people with services, can use this resource at no cost. Ability360 Staff, or anyone needing support and disabilities, family, caregivers, service providers,
- Call 602-279-2900 or 1-800-782-6400

Free self-advocacy and self-determination skills program for people 16+ who receive services from the Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD).

Individual and group classes are available.



Ability360 Home Care Services

Provides personal care attendants to elders or people with disabilities

- Marie Japan Marie M
- U S O

Maricopa

- <u>の</u> <u>の</u>
- Yavapai

- Funded Through:
- Arizona Long Term
 Care System (ALTCS)
- Native American
 Community Health
- AzDES Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD)
- NACOG Area Agency on Aging
- Private Pay

Training on Legal Concepts

- Abandonment left w/o care of family or agency.
- Assault intentional attempt or threat to touch a person without a person's consent
- Battery actual touching of a person's body without a person's consent.
- False imprisonment Unlawful restriction of person's freedom of movement.
- Fraud refers that a person intentionally gives false information in order to make money or gain an advantage
- Invasion of privacy exposing or making public person's personal and confidential info w/o consent
- Liability The state of being responsible for negligence, such as financial, neglect, and responsibility for damages
- Malpractice failure to exercise reasonable judgment in the application of professional knowledge
- Negligence action on your part or your failure to act that either causes or contributes to the cause of a personal injury or property damage to others.

Ethical Principles

- Honesty: do not be afraid to politely say "no" to consumer's possessions, or falsify documents or reports. a task you are not assigned to do. Never steal, take
- Respect: a consumers religious or personal beliefs.
- Reliability: Work hours scheduled on Service Agreement. Always finish your shift
- You should not take gifts or tips from consumer or families.
- Follow the consumer's service plan unless you consult with your supervisor.

Consumer's Rights

- Considerate and respectful treatment and care.
- Not be abused emotionally, sexually, financially, or physically.
- (including requesting a change of caregiver) will be provided, and who will deliver those services Design their treatment or care plan, decide how their services
- shower and he/she refuses, you would respect their decision. Refuse treatment - Service Plan states to give a consumer a
- Privacy
- File a complaint with the agency.
- Confidential handling of their personal information.

Adult and Child Abuse

of maltreatment of a person by a caregiver, family Definition: adult and child abuse refers to any forms include: member, spouse, or friend. Categories of abuse

- Abuse
- Sexual
- Neglect
- Financial
- Emotional

Signs of Adult and Child Abuse

- Physical: bruises, broken bones, cut, or other untreated injuries in various stages of healing.
- Sexual: bruises around breast or genital area; signs of sexual transmitted diseases (STDs), child (Pregnancy).
- Emotional: adult is upset or agitated, withdrawn, nondisorder; developmental delay; and behaviors communicative, or paranoid. For a child - eating and speech
- Neglect: dehydration, malnutrition, pressure ulcers, poor caretaker at home For a child - poor hygiene; absenteeism; hunger, tiredness, no personal hygiene and unsafe or unsanitary living conditions
- statement or other personal effects; signatures on checks that Financial: unusual banking activity; missing financial do not match adult's signature.

Observing and Monitoring:

Recognizing Changes - The Direct Care Worker (DCW) as Detective

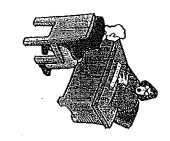
- Early identification of changes in an individuals routines, behavior, appearance, etc.
- You are the first to observe any changes in a consumer.
- You get to know a person by spending time with him/her and learning what is usual for them.

Tools the DCW may use:

- Observation Use all your senses: sight, hearing, touch and smell.
- Communication Ask questions and listen to answers

Reporting

- Any change in physical, emotional, or mental confusion, etc.) condition. (pressure sore, bruises, agitation,
- Problems with medication (new or existing medication).
- Abuse or Neglect.
- Change in the home environment.
- If the consumer is asking you to do something you are not supposed to do.
- If you do not understand a procedure or task.
- If you disagree with the consumer, contact your supervisor.



Abuse Reporting Requirements

- All persons responsible for the care of an incapacitated or vulnerable adult or child have a duty to report suspected abuse and neglect
- Reports must be made immediately (by phone, on-line, or in person) to Adult Protective Services or Child Protective Services (depending on the persons age) or to the police. Failure to report is a misdemeanor
- If the individual is in immediate danger, call 911.
- If abuse is NOT life-threatening, report it to your supervisor.
- If you notice suspicious bruises, report observation to the authorities/supervisor
- (APS 1-877-767-2385 CPS 1-888-767-2445)

Prevention for Abuse

- Community awareness
- Public and professional education
- Caregiver support groups
- Stress management training
- Respite care/In-home services
- The Parent Assistance Program

(Phoenix: 602 542-9580 or 1-800-732-8193)

ABILITY360





Recognize & Report Abuse

JUNE 15:
World
Elder Abuse
Awareness Dav
Attachment 7

rea Agency on Aging, Region One

ogether We Stand Strong Igainst Abuse

Ve are All Vulnerable to Abuse

buse can be Physical, Emotional, Sexual, or Financial.

- 1 in 4 women and 1 in 7 men will experience domestic violence in their lifetime.
- 1 in 10 older Americans experience elder abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
- Persons with disabilities are at least three times more likely to be victims of violent crimes than those without disabilities.

ecognize and Report Abuse you suspect that a vulnerable adult has been a ictim of abuse, call or text

- Law Enforcement at 911
- Adult Protective Services:

1-877-767-2385 TDD: 1-877-815-8390 www.azdes.gov/reportadultabuse

BILITY360 602-256-2245 ability360.org

rea Agency on Aging 24-Hour *Senior* HELP LINE **602-264-HELP (4357)** aaaphx.org



1366 E. Thomas Rd. Ste. 108 Phoenix, AZ 85014-5739

Appendix D:

October 15, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE **OPEN TO THE PUBLIC**

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Tuesday, October 15, 2019 Date:

Time: 1:30 P.M.

Place: HHR₁

AGENDA

1. Call to Order

2. Test and Implementation of Accessibility Technology

3. Presentations:

Beatitudes Campus

Arizona Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing

4. Stakeholders:

> Dr. Tasha Menaker - Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence Carol Brown

- Review of Identified Issues/Challenges in Protecting Vulnerable Adults and Potential 5. Solutions
- 6. Committee Discussion
- Public Testimony 7.
- 8. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair Colby Bower - designee for Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp

Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico

Jami Snyder

Molly McCarthy - designee for DES

10/9/19

People with disabilities may request reasonable accommodations such as interpreters, alternative formats, or assistance with physical accessibility. If you require accommodations, please contact the Chief Clerk's Office at (602) 926-3032 or through Arizona Relay Service 7-1-1.

^{*} The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents pursuant to House Rules.

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, October 15, 2019 House Hearing Room 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

Members Absent

Mr. Rico

Convened 1:30 P.M. Recessed 2:51 P.M. Reconvened 3:00 P.M. Adjourned 4:01 P.M. MINUTES RECEIVED CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE 10 ~ 16 ~ 19

Members Present

Representative Longdon, Chairman

Representative Dunn, Vice-Chairman

Mr. Bower

Ms. Collins

Ms. Kader

Ms. Kennedy

Ms. Knupp

Ms. McFadden

Ms. Ortiz

Ms. Reed

Ms. Snyder

Ms. McCarthy

Agenda

Original Agenda - Attachment 1

Request to Speak

Report – Attachment 2, 3

Committee Attendance

Report - Attachment 4

Presentations

1 1 CSCIITATOIIS		A LL Town de (Tlandoute)
Name	Organization	Attachments (Handouts)
Cheryl Knupp	Beatitudes	5
Sherri Collins	ACDL	6
Dr. Tasha Menaker	AZ Coalition to End Sexual Violence	n/a
Carol Brown	WACOG	7
Rep. Longdon	House of Representatives	8

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

October 16, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

recessed: <u>ລ. 6) pm</u>
recentlened: <u>3:00 pm</u>
recentlened: <u>3:00 pm</u>
odjourges: <u>401 pm</u>
Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov /Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

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7. Public Testimony

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Members:

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Information Registered on the Request to Speak System

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (10/15/2019)

8, Adjourn

Support:

Cynthia Elliott, representing self; Tonia Rokeby, representing self

All Comments:

Cynthia Elliott, Self: request to speak at today's meetings; Tonia Rokeby, Self: speaking on behalf of myself and my son

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR THE PUBLIC RECORD



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Please PRINT Clear	<u>·ly</u>
Committee on Vulherable Adult	\Bill Number
Date Oct 15-4h	☐ Support ☐ Oppose ☐ Neutral
Date Oct 15th Name Christine Scianna	Need to Speak? Yes No
Representing	Are you a registered lobbyist?
Complete Address 15938 W. Cus	Ler LN, Surprise, AZ 8537
Complete Address 15938 W. Cus E-mail Address CMWebster 3753@gr	Phone Number (2) 3-521-7457
Comments: Speaking about	concerns on
group homes.	
FIVE-MINUTE SPEAKING	G LIMIT
DIDACECOATT	En Note of the Control of the Contro
PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR	CEHE PUBLIC RECORD
HOUSE OF REPRESENTA	ATIVES
Please PRINT Clearly	¥.

(Fra D

Committee on	Bill Number
Name Mark Vallment Representing	☐ Support ☐ Oppose ☐ Neutral Need to Speak? ☐ Yes ☐ No Are you a registered lobbyist?
Complete Address	The you a registered loopyist?
E-mail Address mark ralimenteyahas. com.	Phone Number \$20-355-8227
Comments:	-

FIVE-MINUTE SPEAKING LIMIT

Mark Valimont
Deaf Activist/Leader/Survivor
11177 N Oracle Rd # 10102
Oro Valley, AZ 85737
520-355-0227 (H)

Thank you for providing us ASL interpreters in this room. It is helpful! So much appreciated. Here is the list of FACTS/HARDSHIP/NEEDS below. We highly/strongly recommend.

ACDL does not provide me an interpreter. So, they referred me to different non profit organizations and they still do not provide an interpreter. Even, they know nothing about Deaf Rights. Imagine? VRS/VRI are not good enough but live interpreters, in person, are the BEST!

ASL utilizes light and still pay a higher electric bill at residence or commercial and shall/should be half. ASL is communication. Many years ago, we used TTY and typed so long to make a phone bill so higher. Hearies only speak and hear fast.

We, Deaf, drive, better than hearies. No offend. Our eyes are sharp. The higher percent of car crash is hearies. We shall/should have a greatly discount on car insurance or half. They keep charging us so higher because we can't hear. Oh please.

Place Deaf in front line to have better services. There are so plenty of hearies in line or go to others.

We need more certified live legal interpreters in person, only 7 in the state and Deaf Advocacy to be stronger.

We need more funds to go to Deaf Community like COPD, Community Outreach Program for the Deaf in Tucson and ACDHH, AZ Commission for the Deaf and HH to serve better too.

We need more protections for Deafies too.

AZ honors Federal Laws for Deaf Rights.

Thank you again for obtaining your attention. Have a nice day.

fair housing reasonable accommodation



From: ACDL Disclaimer (acdidisclaimer@azdisabilitylaw.org)

To: markvalimont@yahoo.com

Date: Tuesday, August 27, 2019, 10:19 AM MST

Hello Mark,

I have attached 2 fair housing resources to help you with your reasonable accommodations requests.

Representation Disclaimer

Recently, you requested legal assistance from the Arizona Center for Disability Law (ACDL). Please keep in mind that your request for services does not create an obligation by the ACDL to represent you.

You are responsible for all deadlines and actions in your case, unless and until the Center agrees to represent you. If the ACDL agrees to represent you, our staff will put that agreement in writing in a letter. Both you and the ACDL attorney or advocate will sign the letter outlining the agreement. The letter will state the scope of legal services.

The demand for legal services greatly exceeds our staff and resources. So the Center makes decisions about whether it can accept cases based on many factors.

Those factors include:

- 1) whether the issue is within a service areas the Center is focusing on based on public and our board of director's input,
- 2) available grant funding and eligibility requirements,
- 3) staff workload and commitments, and
- 4) whether the case may positively impact other people with disabilities.

Please click on the link: lntake@azdisabilitylaw.org to verify your email address is correct.

Thank you, Martha.

Re:

From: mark valimont (markvalimont@yahoo.com)

To: arizonatenants@msn.com

Date: Wednesday, September 11, 2019, 01:16 PM MST

Calling you. Sorry about tech issues.

On Sep 10, 2019, at 11:46 AM, Arizona Tenants <arizonatenants@msn.com> wrote:

We are a private entity; we are not subsidized. We are happy to accommodate your appointment time, but we are unable to provide you with an ASL Interpreter.

Specifically, what are you trying to accomplish? I understand that there was some misunderstanding by your landlord regarding your ESA. Correct? I referred you to online ESA registration vendors who would be able to complete your ESA registration.

Has the landlord tendered you any written notice? If so, what type of notice?

Jan

Arizona Tenants 5304 E. Southern Ave., Suite 106 Mesa, Arizona, 85205 HOTLINE: (602) 257-8987

----- Original message-----From: mark valimont

Date: Tue, Sep 10, 2019 9:41 AM

To: Arizona Tenants:

Cc:

Subject:Re: Schedule appointment

I got It about Cara. To bring my interpreter? I thought you would provide one. From an Interpreting agency in PHX? I don't know them.

Sent from Yahoo Mail for iPhone

On Tuesday, September 10, 2019, 9:27 AM, Arizona Tenants <arizonatenants@msn.com> wrote:

Hey Mark,

I spoke to you last week. Our office appointments are made by Cara, who responded to your email. Do you have an ASL interpreter that will come in with you? I am able to coordinate my schedule around your availability, just let me know what day and time you are available.

Thanks.

Jan

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN: Jennifer Longdon	VICE-	: Timotl	Timothy M. Dunn		
DATE	10/15/19	/19	/19	/19	/19
CONVENED	1:30pm	m	m	m	n
RECESSED	2:5/pm				
RECONVENED	3:00pm				
ADJOURNED	4:01pm				
MEMBERS					
Colby Bower- Designee for Dr. Cara Christ	/				
Sherri Collins					
Sarah Kader	/				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Dana Kennedy	V				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cheryl Knupp					,
Erica McFadden					***********
Elizabeth Ortiz					
April Reed	/				
Jose de Jesus V Rico					
Jami Snyder	/				
Molly McCarthy- Designee for DES	/				
Dunn, Vice-Chairman					
Longdon, Chairman	/				

Absent

Present

Excused

exc

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults

Cheryl Knupp, Sr. Vice President of Health Services and Human Resources October 15, 2019



Our Mission

The Beatitudes Campus is a faith-based community offering a wide spectrum of services for older people. Our heritage promotes soundness of mind, spirit and body. traditions and commits us to a model of wellness that of Christian hospitality calls us to welcome people of all faith



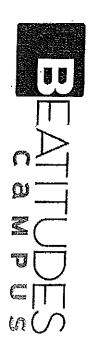
Our Promise

Beatitudes Campus is a not-for-profit life plan community founded by as well as those with no connection to a faith community. We value the the Church of the Beatitudes, a United Church of Christ congregation. diversity of all — regardless of gender, race, ethnicity, national origin, strong and respected leader in senior living since 1965. compassion, respect, accountability and excellence drive every aspect disability, marital status or sexual orientation. Our core values of Our heritage of Christian hospitality calls us to welcome all people. This of our community, and are what have made Beatitudes Campus a includes outreach to Jewish, Muslim, Hindu, Buddhist and other faiths



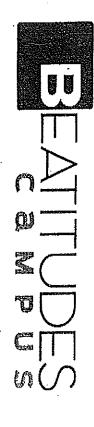
Who We Serve

- *Beatitudes Campus has the ability to serve over 660 individuals daily:
- We have 461 Independent Living apartments/homes and are in process of building 34 new patio homes to open in early 2020.
- We have a 72 bed Medicare & Medicaid licensed skilled nursing facility consisting of short stay rehab, long term care and advanced memory care residents.
- We have 100 Personal Care Assisted Living beds as well as 29 Directed Care beds for memory support and we accept ALTCS



Who We Serve-continued

- We offer Medicare Certified Home Health services on campus and to the community through our Beatitudes Home Health Agency.
- We offer non-medical home care services on campus and to the community through our Beatitudes at Home Program.
- We offer Physical, Occupational and Speech Therapy Outpatient services
- We have an on-site primary care clinic operated and staffed by Mobile Valley Physicians (MVP).



Caregivers, Nursing, and Additional Staff

- Beatitudes currently has approximately 450 employees
- All direct care staff are hired under a group/peer review process, their licenses or have a valid fingerprint clearance card if applicable and they must pass background check, drug test, reference checks and certifications are checked with governing boards prior to hire and prior to expiration
- All non direct care staff must pass a background check, drug test upon hire, and have 2-3 reference checks completed.
- All staff receive training at hire and at a minimum of annually on topics such as Abuse, Resident Rights, Elder Justice Act, Infection Control, HIPAA, etc.
- Direct care staff receive additional training as they are mandated to have up to 12 hours of in services per year as well.



Staff Turnover

- Campus wide turnover is 55%
- Nursing turnover is 33%
- Assisted Living staff turnover is 41%
- Home Health staff turnover is 17%
- Beatitudes at Home staff turnover is 29%
- Housekeeping turnover is 50%
- Dining Services turnover is 35%



Post Hacienda Exposure

- What Beatitudes Campus Did
- Reviewed access into areas with vulnerable adults including securing additional doors with keypad access and reviewed policy regarding who had that access.
- Reviewed our abuse policy and procedures for necessary changes.
- Conducted additional in-service training to staff on abuse, reporting of abuse, timelines for reporting as well as reporting if something just doesn't seem right.
- Educated our Board and staff about what we knew and talking points if residents, families, or consumers shared their concerns



Post Hacienda Exposure

- What Does Beatitudes Campus Still Need to Do
- Continuously review who has access to our vulnerable adults and our policy and procedures.
- Continue to foster a culture of safety in which staff are not fearful to report concerns,
- Continue to in service our staff, residents and families on what abuse is, who may be abusers, what to do if it is suspected, who to report it to and timelines of reporting. education. errors or near misses. This allows us to look at our processes for compliance and
- Continue to conduct root cause analysis for any allegation of abuse. For instance, we need to understand why a resident may have hit another resident. Were they in pain, were they agitated, were there warning signs ignored, etc? Knowing these things is key in implementing interventions to prevent it from happening.



Monitoring for Abuse

- Staff are educated on and monitored for signs of caregiver burnout.
- Residents are monitored for behavior changes that may indicate abuse (change in appetite, fear,
- Residents are monitored in licensed areas for skin changes including bruises
- up of departments across the campus to discuss residents with whom we may have concerns. Possible financial exploitation, self harm, concerns about treatment from family or friends, For our independent living residents, we conduct a weekly interdisciplinary team meeting made misappropriation of property, etc as discussed to formulate next steps.
- Ombudsman through the Area Agency on Aging. Interviews are conducted with the resident if possible, with other residents to see if there are other allegations of abuse, with staff and any witnesses or family that may have been present. Additionally, a 5 day investigative follow up notifications are made to the AZ Dept of Health Services, Adult Protective Services and the If abuse is suspected or reported in either skilled nursing or assisted living, the victim is removed from the situation, the alleged abuser is removed from the situation, the police are called, report is then sent to those agencies.
- If abuse is suspected or reported in independent living, we encourage the resident to contact the police and Adult Protective Services. We will make calls for them as necessary.



What Do We Need Help With

- Developing a registry of certified caregivers and a regulatory board to hold them accountable as is done for CNAs, Nurses, Administrators and Assisted Living
- Working with Arizona LeadingAge and the Arizona Health Care Associations to Managers. ensure any proposed legislation can be implemented successfully with their

members.



SVP of Health Services and Human Resources cknupp@beatitudescampus.org Cheryl Knupp, LNHA, CPASRM (602)995-2611



Abuse & Neglect of Vulnerable House of Representatives Ad Hoc Committee Adults

Arizona Commission for the Deaf and Sheri Colins, Executive Director

for the deaf and hard of hearing to improve their quality of life! To ensure, in partnership with the public and private sector, accessibility



Commission Objectives

- Information & Referral
- Empowerment
- Community Development
- Outreach and Education



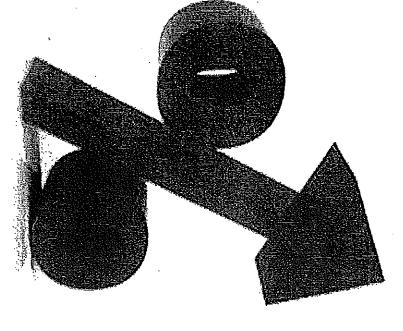
Victimization

Higher rates of domestic violence, sexual violence, abuse, neglect, trafficking, and intimate partner violence THAN the hearing community.

- Domestic violence- 1.5x
- Sexual violence-3x



Arizona Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing



Research Gate. Child Abuse & Neglect 28 (3): 241-51 April 2004.

Tactics

- Isolated
- Exploited
- Varginalized



Arizona Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing

The most isolated, the most invisible, the most lacking of services, resources, and acceptance: individuals who are deafblind or have a combined hearing, vision loss.

Truly the most vulnerable and neglected in our society.

Experience 1

- provided in home health care Deafblind patient was released from hospital and
- Provider sent staff who could not sign
- Family requested staff who could sign or bring an interpreter with staff
- Never received requested services and family was dropped by the home health provider



Arizona Commission for the deaf and the hard of hearing

Experience 2

- with a hearing loss Community organization who provides services to persons
- Many individuals with co-occurring issues
- Call on agency to investigate suspected abuse and neglect
- the abuse) to do to the assessment No response or requested the Community Org (who called in



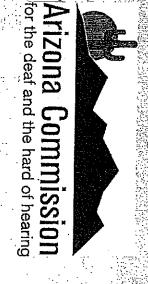
Experience 3

- Deafblind patient at hospital needing surgery
- Family member was interpreting (NOT ALLOWED BY LAW) Was denied on site interpreting CONTINUALLY, only VRI
- Family member contacted ACDHH
- Title III of the ADA ACDHH advocated for the patient and provided TA around



Systems Issue

- Working in silos; Not working with agencies who can assist
- Communication needs for Deaf + community Not trained on Deafness, Deaf Culture, and Effective
- NO ONE wants to provide the effective communication

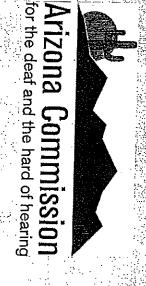


EQUALS THE ABILITY TO CZDMRSTAZD TOCKO OSSOCIOS



Solutions

- Data Collection
- Training
- Specialized Services
- Redefine Abuse/Neglect (legislative fix)



Proposed Actions for Arizona House Ad Hoc Committee On Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable/Elder Adults

Respectfully submitted by Carol Brown

- 1. Form a Statewide Vulnerable Adult/ Elder Abuse Prevention Council that would help to structure, support, and promote Statewide/Regional/County efforts.
- 2. Start a statewide Community Pilot Program to provide Voluntary Mandated Reporter Training regarding Elder/Vulnerable Adult Abuse. Yuma is planning to begin this program in the near future.
- 3. The State to mandate that all providers provide a Client Rights form explaining Client's rights regarding protection from Elder/Vulnerable Adult Abuse/Exploitation
 - This form would include an explanation of what abuse is and who to contact in the event of abuse/suspected abuse.
- 4. The State to require licensing of ALL Caregivers to include "private" Caregivers. The State would also provide a reporting system on line and by telephone of anyone not able to produce proof of license.
 - This would include establishing penalties for anyone providing caregiving services without a license.
- 5. Strengthen/Develop laws regarding Mandated Reporting for Elder/Vulnerable Adult Abuse.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE P.O. Box 21538 305 Bowth Second Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85036-1538

FARMWORKER OFFICE 305 South Second Avenue Phoenix, Arisons 85003-2402

MOHAVE OFFICE 2701 B. Andy Devine, Suite 400 Kiegman, Arisona R6401

> YAVAPAI OFFICE 148 N. Summit Avenue Procest, Arizona \$6101



LAW OFFICES

MARICOPA COUNTY CENTRAL OFFICE HOUSING UNIT

305 South Second Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2402 Telephone (602) 258-3434 FAX (602) 254-3957 TDD (602) 254-9852 SAN LUIS OFFICE 845 East "B" St., Suite 1 San Luis, Arizons 85349

YUMA OFFICE 204 South 1st Avenue Yuma, Arizzon 83364

VOLUNTHER LAWYERS PROGRAMS
Missicopa County - Central Office
Mohave La Pax Counties - Kingman Office
Yavapal County - Prescott Office
Yuma County - Yuma Office

MÉMORANDUM

TO:

Representative Jennifer Longdon

Arizona House of Representatives

Legislative District 24

FROM:

Stan Silas, Lead/Senior Staff Attorney

SUBJECT:

CLS Client - Pending Loss of Housing(REVISED)

DATE:

October 15, 2019

Representative Longdon:

I wish to make you aware of a situation in which your committee may have an interest. I previously negotiated a settlement for an elderly client, with her landlord's attorney, allowing her to remain in her dwelling unit until October 31, 2019. On October 2, 2019, I learned that my client had allegedly "continued the flooding of her dwelling unit causing damage to the Plaintiff's property." Her previous alleged lease violations, dating back to September 3, 2019, also involved issues of flooding and the disturbance of the quiet enjoyment of other residents. I was led to believe, by way of email from the landlord's attorney, that the client had "flooded her dwelling unit three more times by sticking towels in the drains of the sinks and the bathtubs and turning on all of the faucets."

On October 2, 2019, I returned home from a trip to Ohio to attend a family member's funeral and became aware of the further flooding allegations. I immediately contacted the Crisis Response Network and gave them the information because I wanted them to help me protect the client's housing. I also contacted the Adult Protective Services agency for help as well because I had never known my client to engage in deliberate acts of "self-flooding." I knew she was a hoarder and my client falsely believed there was a resident with a man living in the unit above hers who was making excessive noise. This belief in turn caused the client to allegedly "bang on the walls and ceiling" in retaliation and was part of the basis for her current eviction.

Based upon what I stated in my verbal report that afternoon to the Adult Protective Service's ("APS") staff on October 2, 2019, the intake person said they would conduct an investigation and reach out to the client within 48 business hours.





Representative Jennifer Longdon Arizona House of Representatives Legislative District 24 October 15, 2019 Page 2

I contacted my client the morning of October 7, 2019 to see if she had been visited by APS, and learned that she had not. I then contacted APS again and told the intake staff of my concerns and need for immediate help. The staff told me that she would upgrade my call to a supervisor of the investigator to whom the matter was assigned. I later learned from the social worker from the Cigna Medical Group that APS had been to visit the client that afternoon. I have no idea what services APS has offered to the client but she still remains in her home to date.

Given the critical nature of APS' duties and the extreme circumstances of their clientele, why would an investigation take 48 business hours to perform? If it is truly 48 business hours, then why had no one contacted my client until I called and complained about the lack of service on October 7, 2019 at 11:26 AM? The APS investigator finally went out to the client's home later in the day on October 7, 2019. The original complaint had been submitted to APS in the afternoon on October 2, 2019.

Whatever thoughts or suggestions you may have would be greatly appreciated.

Appendix E:

November 12, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials

ARIZONA STATE SENATE

INTERIM MEETING NOTICE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date: Tuesday, November 12, 2019

Time: 1:30 P.M.

Place: HHR 1

AGENDA

1. Call to Order

2. Review and Discussion of Potential Committee Recommendations

3. Public Testimony

4. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair Colby Bowers – designee for Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico Jami Snyder Molly McCarthy

11/07/19 JY

People with disabilities may request reasonable accommodations such as interpreters, alternative formats, or assistance with physical accessibility. If you require accommodations, please contact the Chief Clerk's Office at (602) 926-3032 or through Arizona Relay Service 7-1-1.

^{*} The committee may go into an executive session to receive testimony or documents pursuant to House Rules.



ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, November 12, 2019 House Hearing Room 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

MINUTES RECEIVED CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE 11-14-19

Convened 01:31 P.M.

Recessed

Reconvened

Adjourned 03:21 P.M.

Members Present

Members Absent

Representative Longdon, Chairman Representative Dunn, Vice-Chairman

Dr. Christ

Ms. Kennedy

Ms. Knupp

Ms. McFadden

Ms. Ortiz

Ms. Reed

Mr. Rico

Ms. Snyder

Mr. Trailor

Ms. Collins Ms. Kader

Agenda

Original Agenda – Attachment 1

Request to Speak

Report - Attachment 2

Committee Attendance

Report – Attachment 3

Review and Discussion

Jennifer Longdon

Name Organization

House of Representatives

Attachments (Handouts)

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

November 14, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/Interim-Committees

ARIZONA STATE SENATE

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11/07/19

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Information Registered on the Request to Speak System

House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults (11/12/2019)

3, Public Testimony

Support:

Betty McEntire, AZ Commission For The Deaf And Hard Of Hearing; Sienna Hart, representing self; Karen Dana, representing self; Tonia Rokeby, representing self

All Comments:

Tonia Rokeby, Self: requested for co-worker that will do a manual request upon arrival.

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR THE PUBLIC RECORD



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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Committee on Abuse + Neglant of Vulneral Date 11/12/19	l Duray .
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FIVE-MINUTE SPEAKING LIMIT

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN:	Jennifer Longdon	VICE-	CHAIRMAN	l: <u>Timotl</u>	ny M. Duni	<u>n</u>
	DATE	11/12/19	/19	/19	/19	/19
	CONVENED	1:3) pm	m	m	m	m
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MEMBERS	·					
Colby Bowe	er- Designee for Dr. t	/				
Sherri Colli	ns					
Sarah Kad	er ·					
Dana Kenn	edy	V				·
Cheryl Knu	pp	V				
Erica McFa	ndden					
Elizabeth C	Ortiz					
April Reed						
Jose de Je	sus V Rico	/				
Jami Snyde	er	/				
Molly McCa	arthy- Designee for DES					
Dunn, Vice	-Chairman					
Longdon, C	Chairman					
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Recommendations and Notes from Ad Hoc Committee Members

April Reed-Ability360

Below are some of my thoughts and recommendations from the AD Hoc Committee meetings:

- Require trauma-informed training for providers, consumers, and families to ensure that all know how to recognize the signs of abuse and neglect.
 - o After an investigation, develop policies and procedures that ensure appropriate trauma counseling referrals are made for the vulnerable adult.
- Adult Protective Services intake does not ask about disability or health conditions and thus does
 not inquire about accommodations needed to participate in the intake.
- Education to providers on the ADA requirements to provide accommodations to people with disabilities.
 - O Address through training the attitudinal barriers that exist on providing the accommodations. Specifically, address intake procedures that have prevented the Deaf community from receiving sign language interpreters.
- Caregiver Workforce shortage and challenges in recruiting qualified caregivers.
 - o Address funding to increase caregiver pay
- Group Homes
 - O Creation of entity who will have the responsibility to monitor and visit group homes. Entity will also have the ability to receive, investigate, and intervene on resident complaints or incidents of abuse or neglect similar to the authority the AAA Ombudsmen program has in SNFs and Assisted Living Centers.
 - Searchable records available to the public who are looking for group homes monitoring records or ADHS site visits records. Right now families and advocates struggle to find group home records on monitoring reports and thus struggle to make an educated decision on the quality of a group home services.

Elizabeth Ortiz- APAAC

Below please see my recommendation for a number of changes at several stages:

- 1. New staff for residential facilities
 - a. What is the proper ratio of staff to residents
 - b. What is the fair market rate of pay and how do we get the funding to pay it
 - o. What security measures are being taken to screen applicants
 - i. Fingerprint clearance additional funding is required to continue to address the issues surrounding incomplete/missing criminal history information
 - d. What initial training is needed
 - i. Who does the training
 - ii. Who pays for it
- 2. Incoming residents
 - a. Assessment of needs & proper placement
 - b. Information to resident and their family regarding rights and how to file complaint/appeal
- 3. Residential facilities
 - a. Centralization of responsibility to monitor/audit facility
 - b. Expanded ongoing training for staff
 - c. Continued security assessment of staff (e.g. create ongoing reporting notice if staff gets criminal conviction after being hired)
 - d. Creation of documentation and security processes that will assist in oversight and also assist law enforcement if necessary

- 4. Group homes
 - a. Create system for oversight
- 5 Law Enforcement
 - a. Expansion of investigative/interviewing techniques when interacting with vulnerable adults
 - b. Develop communication protocols between law enforcement and APS
- 6. APS
 - a. Determine staffing levels necessary to meet needs
 - b. What is fair market rate of pay and how do get the funding
 - c. Expanding Initial and ongoing training for staff
 - d. Increasing the accessibility of APS (e.g. expanding hot line hours)

Dana Kennedy- AARP of AZ

- Detecting and preventing elder abuse requires increasing awareness. The general public, and health professionals all must be made aware of the signs of abuse. In-home services, such as Meals on Wheels or home health care, play significant roles in preventing and addressing abuse of frail older adults. A broad range of protective services are needed to help prevent and stop abuse, ranging from simple assistance with household chores to outright guardianship. Other examples include community-based programs that provide services such as counseling, information and referrals, and personal money management.
- Enhancing legal protections against elder abuse could help prevent it. It would also allow victims
 to seek restitution. State laws typically offer victims a range of remedial services. Statutes also
 impose criminal penalties for various forms of elder abuse.

Explore Mandatory Reporting Statute to:

- Impose Civil Penalty on the *individual* failing to report, (See, interesting rationale for going the civil route at http://publish.illinois.edu/elderlawjournal/files/2017/07/Bernal.pdf) OR
 - Impose stricter criminal penalty (as in NY/felony)

Impose Civil Penalty on the institution with a number of potentially escalating remedies which could include:

- (a) Revoke the facility's license and/or contract with the state to provide services;
- (b) Deny payment;
- (c) Assess and collect a civil monetary penalty with interest from the facility owner and/or facility administrator;
- (d) Appoint temporary management;
- (e) Close the facility and/or transfer residents to another certified facility;
- (f) Direct a plan of correction;
- (g) Assign monitors to the facility; or
- (h) Reduce the licensed bed capacity.
- Require facilities to train all staff and contractors with potential for resident access and test on mandatory reporting. Mandate continuing education on same.
- Strengthen Criminal Background Checks to ensure coverage of all employees and contractors with direct access; Create a system to automatically alert facilities of new arrests (or even convictions) at the state and federal level.
- Strengthen penalties for facilities that fail to follow statutory or regulatory guidelines. Ensure that remedies are swiftly and consistently imposed.
- Pass Virtual Visitation Legislation requiring nursing homes to inform residents and their families of their right to utilize technology in their rooms to monitor their care and facilitate communication with family members. This was just recently passed in Louisiana.

- Facilitate family involvement in nursing home care planning. Strengthen Criminal Background Checks to ensure coverage of all employees and contractors with direct access; Create a system to automatically alert facilities of new arrests (or even convictions) at the state and federal level.
- Strengthen penalties for facilities that fail to follow statutory or regulatory guidelines. Ensure
 that remedies are swiftly and consistently imposed.
- Pass Virtual Visitation Legislation requiring nursing homes to inform residents and their families
 of their right to utilize technology in their rooms to monitor their care and facilitate
 communication with family members. This was just recently passed in Louisiana.
- Facilitate family involvement in nursing home care planning.
- Strengthen nursing home family council requirements. Ensure that groups of family members can organize a group and meet without nursing home staff, to discuss concerns and make recommendations to the nursing facility for action.
- Fully fund agencies responsible for investigating abuse and neglect and ensure that they have the capacity to respond appropriately and follow-up.
- Implement and fund strong and *independent* LTSS ombudsman programs that go beyond federal requirements and include an adequate number of ombudsmen.
- Provide adequate funding to permit Ombudsmen to visit all facilities including group homes.
- Ensure that complaints and reports of nursing home abuse are fully investigated by those with skills, training and capacity to do so, and that cases of nursing home sexual abuse are handled by those with expertise in that area.
- Look at model legislation from other states and introduce a package of bills to address the changes we can make.
- Develop a work group to explore best practice models to recruit, train and mentor paid caregivers.

Cheryl Knupp-Beatitudes

I would like to see about an expanded role for Area Agency on Aging. There are areas in need that do not fit the Older American's Act such as those that need assistance in group homes or even independent living.

Additionally, I would propose there be a registry created for certified caregivers and a regulatory board that holds them accountable like there is for Nurses, Certified Nursing Assistants, Nursing Home Administrators as well as Assisted Living Managers.

JJ Rico- ACDL

Abuse and Neglect Ad Hoc Committee - ACDL Priorities .

- 1) Fund Arizona Revised Statute 36-592 for DD Group Home Monitoring
- 36-592(B)- The department shall maintain a system of independent oversight of licensing. The department may contract with third parties to perform services in connection with oversight and licensing. The department may not contract with the same third party for both oversight and licensure under this subsection.
- 2) Create a registry of care providers who have had an allegation of abuse of a person with a disability substantiated against them.

Abuse is defined as an act that results in serious emotional or physical injury.

3) Require that Arizona representatives attend a training similar to Project FIND (Forensic Interviewing Individuals with Disabilities) - Advanced Forensic Interview Certificate Four Day Training

Following attendance, implement similar training and certificate program in Arizona.

Erica McFadden- AZ Developmental Disabilities Planning Council

- 1. Because the quality of APS' investigations increases the likelihood of APS cases being substantiated, require specific training, by statute, for APS investigators (like they do for DCS investigators and as established in Colorado for its APS). Include stronger minimum requirements for APS staffing in statute. For example, require at least a high school degree for call center staff.
- 2. Require <u>annual</u> checks of the central and APS registries for any organization that serves vulnerable adults and children, <u>including senior living residences</u>, such as apartment or private group <u>homes</u>. Currently, it's only one time, which does not address any new substantiations that may occur.
- 3. Require annual duty to report training, that includes recognizing and reporting abuse, for everyone obligated to report. Currently, this training is not required legislatively. *Include senior living management, or those who interact daily with senior residents*, in this requirement. People don't necessarily know to whom and how to report.
- 4. Elevate penalties for failing to report so it's equitable and ensure there is a method for enforcing these penalties. Move failing to report sexual assault of a vulnerable adult from a class 1 misdemeanor to class 6 felony, equivalent with similar statute for reporting child abuse.
- 5. Create a community advisory committee for APS in statute that meets at least quarterly so that the community could work with APS to address issues and outcomes, increase transparency and help build trust. (Note: This was similarly set up legislatively for DCS. That group, however, was dissolved and brought in-house. There may need to be something in statutory language to prevent that from happening if this option is included in legislative recommendations.)
- 6. Not many understand what APS actually does when they investigate a case or the outcomes of those investigations, as few outcomes are reported. Legislatively require APS to collect and report data that highlights case information including disability type, APS actions taken and referrals made, number of repeat cases/victims, number of repeat perpetrators identified in cases with different victims, number of perpetrators who are vulnerable adults in verified cases of maltreatment, reasons why cases are closed, and why cases were not investigated and classified as I&R. This data is crucial to identify trends related to vulnerable adult abuse in Arizona. Require a report to the legislature each year to assess these outcomes and detect trends.
- 7. Strengthen monitoring, enforcement, and penalties for non-compliance around health and safety of children or vulnerable adults for any organization that serves children or vulnerable adults and contracts with ADHS, AHCCCS, or DES/DDD. (All of the current strategies utilized need to be re-reviewed.)
- 8. Currently, there are posting requirements by Executive Order on how to report abuse, neglect, or exploitation for organizations that serve vulnerable adults and contract with ADHS, AHCCCS, or DES. Require it in legislation. Include anti-retaliation language in the posting language so staff and the victims themselves, are not afraid to report due to retaliation.
- 9. Require DDD group homes to be monitored at least annually by an independent third party in statute.
- 10. Begin a cross-departmental task force or a legislative ad-hoc or study committee that, with self-advocates, identifies methods or models to address serious staffing challenges and its impact to quality care. Require a deadline for a report with recommendations to be made to the legislature.
- 11. Require that school-aged children and vulnerable adults are notified at least annually on what abuse is and how to report it by agencies/organizations/schools that are serving them, in a manner that is appropriate to the individual.
- 12. Require that for a vulnerable adult where: any maltreatment reports are made by that vulnerable adult that involve a perpetrator; or there is a verified or a substantiated report of maltreatment; that the vulnerable adult always is given the option AND has access to receiving trauma-informed counseling in a manner that is accessible to the vulnerable adult.

Kyle Sawyer Legislative Liaison - AHCCS

- Training of providers The State must ensure that caregivers have full access to consistent, comprehensive training related to detecting and reporting abuse and neglect. This includes caregivers in ICF, group home and in-home settings.
- Trauma informed care The state should bolster its efforts to advance a trauma-informed framework focused on understanding, recognizing, and responding to the effects of all types of trauma.
- Accommodations The State must ensure the provision of necessary accommodations, allowing
 individuals with varying needs to effectively report incidents and obtain needed services following an
 incident.

Colby Bower-AZDHS

- 1. I'm still unclear of the population we are talking about. I know its "vulnerable adults," and that has a specific definition in statute. But this committee has discussed much larger populations, including those with disabilities and children. I understand this is meant to see the "system" as a whole, but it makes it difficult for me to understand or identify what problem we are trying to address. For example, we have discussed the lack of interpreters, domestic violence, the challenges of the disability community in various settings, the child safety system, DD group homes, and ICF-IID facilities. While there can be vulnerable adults in these settings, it makes it hard to come up with a plan and a set of recommendations. I'll be interested to see where this goes and look forward to the discussion.
- 2. However, I am grateful for the broad discussion because, like many others, it does demonstrate the difficulty in the average person's ability to navigate it given their own situation. As a citizen, the various moving pieces must be nearly impossible to grasp.

Sherri Collins- AZ Commission for the Deaf and the Hard of Hearing

- 1. After hearing all the presentations how to navigate the system is still confusing.
- 2. What are the standards/procedures to ensure deaf, hard of hearing and deafblind are receiving appropriate assessment and communication accommodations? Still get the "round around" and no one can really answer.
- 3. Where/what is the check and balances on the oversight of service delivery.

Sarah Kader- AZ Statewide Independent Living Council

- -Increased pay for care-workers
- -Training on signs of abuse/neglect for compliance officers that go into facilities
- -Add checklist regarding abuse/neglect to licensure requirements
- -Training for peace officers on how to spot abuse/neglect and how to respond to calls about abuse/neglect
- -Education and resources in the community regarding abuse/neglect (for families, individuals who have disabilities, teachers, social workers, etc)
- -APS should be 24/7
- -Increased reporting requirements
- -Make unlawful policies that disincentivize reporting
- -Expand ombudsman office to include monitoring of DDD group homes

Jami Snyder- Director - AHCCS

- Training of providers - The State must ensure that caregivers have full access to consistent, comprehensive training related to detecting and reporting abuse and neglect. This includes caregivers in ICF, group home and in-home settings.

-Trauma informed care - The state should bolster its efforts to advance a trauma-informed framework focused on understanding, recognizing, and responding to the effects of all types of trauma. Accommodations - The State must ensure the provision of necessary accommodations, allowing individuals with varying needs to effectively report incidents and obtain needed

Kathy Ber-Legislative Director- AZ DES

APS Powers and Duties/Scope

Based on Committee discussion, there seems to be an interest in increasing the scope of what APS has authority to investigate. The Department recommends that the Committee review the APS powers and duties statutes (A.R.S. § 46-452).

The Committee should also review the definitions that provide the scope for APS investigative authority (A.R.S. § 46-451):

Vulnerable Adult - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(10)

"Vulnerable adult" means an individual who is eighteen years of age or older and who is unable to protect himself from abuse, neglect or exploitation by others because of a physical or mental impairment. Vulnerable adult includes an incapacitated person as defined in section 14-5101.

Incapacitated Person - A.R.S. § 14-5101(3)

"Incapacitated person" means any person who is impaired by reason of mental illness, mental deficiency, mental disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of drugs, chronic intoxication or other cause, except minority, to the extent that he lacks sufficient understanding or capacity to make or communicate responsible decisions concerning his person. In cases of limited guardianship only, a person is not deemed an incapacitated person for purposes of voting if the person files a petition and has a hearing and the judge determines by clear and convincing evidence that the person retains sufficient understanding to exercise the right to vote pursuant to section 14-5304.02.

Abuse - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(1)

- > "Abuse" means:
- (a) Intentional infliction of physical harm.
- (b) Injury caused by negligent acts or omissions.
- (c) Unreasonable confinement.
- (d) Sexual abuse or sexual assault.

Exploitation - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(5)

> "Exploitation" means the illegal or improper use of a vulnerable adult or the vulnerable adult's resources for another's profit or advantage.

Financial Exploitation – A.R.S. § 46-471(3)

- > "Financial exploitation" means either of the following:
 - (a) The wrongful or unauthorized taking, withholding, appropriating or use of money, assets or property of an eligible adult.
 - (b) Any act or omission taken by a person, including through the use of a power of attorney, guardianship or conservatorship of an eligible adult, to either:
- (i) Obtain control through deception, intimidation or undue influence over the eligible adult's money, assets or property to deprive the eligible adult of the ownership, use, benefit or possession of the eligible adult's money, assets or property.
- (ii) Convert money, assets or property of the eligible adult to deprive the eligible adult of the ownership, use, benefit or possession of the eligible adult's money, assets or property.

Neglect - A.R.S. § 46-451(A)(7)

> "Neglect" means the deprivation of food, water, medication, medical services, shelter, supervision, cooling, heating or other services necessary to maintain a vulnerable adult's minimum physical or mental health.

Self-Neglect - Not defined in state law

"An adult's inability, due to physical or mental impairment or diminished capacity, to perform essential self-care tasks including— (A) obtaining essential food, clothing, shelter, and medical care; (B) obtaining goods and services necessary to maintain physical health, mental health, or general safety; or (C) managing one's own financial affairs."

Elder Justice Act (Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act - Public Law 111-148)

Emotional Abuse - A.R.S § 13-3623(F) (3)

- > "Emotional abuse" means a pattern of ridiculing or demeaning a vulnerable adult, making derogatory remarks to a vulnerable adult, verbally harassing a vulnerable adult or threatening to inflict physical or emotional harm on a vulnerable adult.
- Based on the present definition of abuse, APS does not have authority to investigate and substantiate allegations of emotional abuse and the reporting source is advised that APS is unable to investigate allegations of emotional abuse in Title 46.

Caregiver – Not defined in state law

> The term "Caregiver" is not defined in Arizona state statute, but 39 other states have a definition of "Caregiver" or "Caretaker". Ohio defines a "Caretaker" as: "the person assuming the responsibility for the care of an adult on a voluntary basis, by

contract, through receipt of payment for care, as a result of a family relationship, or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

Develop a public awareness campaign around the role of APS with information related to
what their official powers and duties are, along with common public misconceptions.
Similar to the Governor's Executive Order Task Force on the Abuse and Neglect of
Vulnerable Adults recommendation, community stakeholders and state agencies should
collaborate to disseminate this information. The flow chart developed by the Executive
Order Task Force that details reporting and investigation processes for all types of
abuse, neglect, and exploitation concerns, incidents, and allegations can be used along
with the materials already being used by the Department on social media.

Vulnerability Statements

- APS investigators have difficulty obtaining statements of vulnerability during an APS investigation. These statements are used as part of the substantiation process and in making referrals to public fiduciaries and the courts to determine vulnerable adult capacity in guardianship/conservatorship proceedings.
- APS investigates cases involving vulnerable adult abuse, neglect or exploitation. If APS cannot establish the adult is vulnerable, they are not able to substantiate. Vulnerability needs to be determined by a health care professional who can evaluate the adult's capacity for decision making, diagnosis, etc. Many vulnerable adults do not seek regular medical care or lack access to medical care, so APS is unable to proceed with finding an adult vulnerable and proposing substantiation of abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- The Department recommends that the Committee explore opportunities for an on-call health care professional, such as through a mobile unit, who can go to the vulnerable adult with APS investigators to conduct those assessments. While the adult will still have the right to refuse the medical evaluation it is likely that the adult will be more likely to participate if the health care professional is with the APS investigator and travels to the individual.

Forensic Interviewing

- The access point to forensic interviewing for APS investigators is typically through local law enforcement. When law enforcement determines that they are no longer going to move forward with a criminal investigation, APS investigators lose that access to the forensic interview process.
- Another challenge with an adult population is getting them to travel to another location.
 Unlike children, adults have the right and ability to refuse to participate in the investigative process with APS.
- The Department recommends that the Committee explore opportunities for APS to
 access forensic interviewers, possibly as part of a mobile unit that goes out with
 investigators. Having access to a mobile forensic interview process would strengthen the
 investigative process, enhance the potential of substantiation and preserve evidence for
 any potential criminal investigation.

Representative Jennifer Longdon

Who is the watchdog? Who is responsible for vigorously monitoring facilities and are they appropriately staffed/resourced?

How do we address the impermeability of "the system?" How do agencies communicate with each other and how do they hand off folks who contact them. Arizonans need a seamless system.

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Appendix F:

December 17, 2019

Minutes and Reference Materials



ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

Tuesday, December 17, 2019

Time:

1:30 P.M.

Place:

HHR 1

AGENDA

1. Call to Order

Review and Adopt Committee Recommendations

Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair Colby Bower – designee for Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico Jami Snyder Molly McCarthy

12/11/19 JY

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ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Report of Interim Meeting Tuesday, December 17, 2019 House Hearing Room 1 -- 1:30 P.M.

MINUTES RECEIVED CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE

12-17-19

Convened 1:33 P.M.

Recessed

Reconvened

Adjourned 2:15 P.M.

Members Present

Representative Longdon, Chairman Representative Dunn, Vice-Chairman

Dr. Christ

Ms. Collins

Ms. Knupp

Ms. Ortiz

Ms. Reed

Mr. Rico

Ms. Snyder

Mr. Trailor

Agenda

Original Agenda - Attachment 1

Committee Attendance

Report - Attachment 2

Committee Action

Action
Adopt Final Recommendations

<u>Vote</u>

Members Absent

Ms. Kader

Ms. Kennedy Ms. McFadden

Attachments

3 3 & 4

Hayley Howard, Committee Secretary

December 17, 2019

(Original attachments on file in the Office of the Chief Clerk; video archives available at http://www.azleg.gov)

Interim agendas can be obtained via the Internet at http://www.azleg.gov/interim-Committees

ARIZONA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

Date:

Tuesday, December 17, 2019

Time:

1:30 P.M.

Place:

HHR₁

AGENDA

1. Call to Order

Review and Adopt Committee Recommendations

3. Adjourn

Members:

Representative Jennifer Longdon, Chair Representative Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chair Colby Bower – designee for Dr. Cara Christ Sherri Collins Sarah Kader Dana Kennedy Cheryl Knupp Erica McFadden Elizabeth Ortiz April Reed Jose de Jesus V Rico Jami Snyder Molly McCarthy

12/11/19

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^{*} The committee may go into executive session to receive testimony or documents pursuant to House Rules.

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ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE

Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE RECORD

HOUSE AD HOC STUDY COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS

CHAIRMAN:	Jennifer Longdon	VICE-CHAIRMAN: Timothy M. Dunn				1
	DATE	12/17/19	/19	/19	/19	/19
-	CONVENED	1:33Pim.	m	m	m	m
	RECESSED					
_	RECONVENED					
	ADJOURNED	2:15pm				
MEMBERS						
Colby Bowe Cara Christ	er- Designee for Dr.					
Sherri Colli	ns					
Sarah Kade	er	_			4,	
Dana Kenn	edy					
Cheryl Knu	рр	\				
Erica McFa	dden	-				
Elizabeth O	rtiz	_				
April Reed		V				
Jose de Jes	sus V Rico	V				
Jami Snyde	भ	V				
Molly McCa	orthy- Designee for DES	/				
Dunn, Vice-	-Chairman					
Longdon, C	hairman	<u></u>				

Absent

Present

Excused

exc

ARIZONA STATE LEGISLATURE Fifty-fourth Legislature - First Regular Session

INTERIM COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTE

COMMITTEE: HOUSE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF VULNERABLE ADULTS						
DATE: December 17, 2019 M	IÓTION: _	Adapt (iommi-He	Le Recommi	endations	
CHAIRMAN: Jennifer Longo	lon	_ VICE-CH	HAIRMAN:	Timothy M	, Dunn	
	PASS	AYE	NAY	PRESENT	ABSENT	
Colby Bower- Designee for Dr. Cara Christ				<u></u>		
Sherri Collins		\ \langle			/	
Sarah Kader					V	
Dana Kennedy					,	
Cheryl Knupp						
Erica McFadden					v/_	
Elizabeth Ortiz						
April Reed						
Jose de Jesus V Rico						
Jami Snyder						
Molly McCarthy- Designee for DES						
Timothy M. Dunn, Vice Chairman				.=		
Jennifer Longdon, Chairman	,					
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APPROVED:		Сфиміт	THE SECI	RETARY	1	
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COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN	}			2		
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COMMITTER VICE-CHAIRMAN						

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House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults

Committee Recommendations

December 17, 2019

Version 2

Recommendation #1: That legislation be drafted to create or identify and fund an agency to oversee vulnerable adults in Arizona, including related agencies, boards and commissions.

Recommendation #2: The Legislature appropriate sufficient funds to the Arizona Department of Health Services and Adult Protective Services to timely investigate complaints in order to eliminate the back logs and create a metric for the tracking of complaints to ensure timely resolution.

Recommendation #3: Support the recommendations outlined in the Arizona Auditor General's Report 19-112 contained on pages 14-15 and encourage implementation of said recommendations.

Recommendation #4: The Legislature fund an independent audit of APS.

Recommendation #5: The Speaker continue the House Ad Hoc Committee on Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults upon completion of the independent audit to review the findings and make recommendations.

Recommendation #6: Support the recommendations of the Governor's Abuse and Neglect Prevention Task Force related to Disclosure and Investigation Training, Signage and Trauma-Informed Approach.

Recommendation #7: Support and funding of training and education for facilities, caregivers, residents and family members on the signs of, and how to report abuse and neglect, who to report to, and develop posting requirements to be reviewed annually by the above-mentioned entities/individuals.

Recommendation #8: APS identify and make appropriate accommodations at intake, and throughout the investigation process, for vulnerable adults that may impact their ability to communicate and cooperate with the investigation.

Recommendation #9: Acknowledge that caregivers are vital skilled professionals and that stability and consistency are essential for the wellbeing of our most vulnerable populations and that appropriate compensation, training and support must be addressed.

Recommendation #10: Create a statutory definition for emotional abuse in Title 46.

Recommendation #11: Support the Arizona Department of Health Services and Department of Economic Security in the development and implementation of a stakeholder-driven action plan to protect Arizona's vulnerable adults.